## **WORKSHEET ON APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRALS**

- 1) Find the area enclosed by the parabola  $y = \frac{3x^2}{4}$  and the line 3x 2y + 12 = 0.
- 2) Find the area of the smaller region between the ellipse  $9x^2 + y^2 = 36$  and the line  $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{6} = 1$
- 3) Using integration find the area of region bounded by the triangle whose vertices are (1,0), (2,2) and (3,1).
- 4) Using the method of integration find the area region bounded by the lines x+2y=2,y-x=1 and 2x+y=7.
- 5) Find the area of the region enclosed between the two circles  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $(x-2)^2 + y^2 = 4$
- 6) Find the area of the region bounded by  $\{(x, y): x^2 \le y \le |x|\}$
- 7) Find the area of the region bounded the curve  $y = \sqrt{1 x^2}$ , line y = x and the positive x-axis.
- 8) Using integration, find the area of the following region:

$$\{(x,y): |x-1| \le y \le \sqrt{5-x^2}\}$$

- 9) Find the area of the region bounded the curve  $y = 4x x^2$  and the x-axis.
- 10) Find the area of the region  $\{(x, y): 0 \le y \le x^2 + 1, 0 \le y \le x + 1, 0 \le x \le 2\}$
- 11) Find the area of the region  $\{(x, y): x^2 + y^2 \le 8x, y^2 \ge 4x; x \ge 0; y \ge 0\}$
- 12) Find the area bounded by the curve  $y = 2x-x^2$  and the line y = -x.
- 13) Find the area bounded by the curves  $y = 6x x^2$  and  $y = x^2 2x$ .
- 14) Find the area bounded by the line x = 0, x = 2 and the curves  $y = 2^x$ ,  $y = 2x x^2$ .