CHAPTER – 8 THE LITTLE BULLY

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Question 1: Now that you have read and understood the lesson, can you answer these questions? You can put a (\checkmark) on the right answer.

- 1. Why did all the children hate Hari?
- (i) Because he would not talk to anyone.
- (ii) Because he always pinched them.
- (iii) Because he loved stealing their food.
- 2. "Nobody took Hari's hand. Nobody went near him. Nobody played with him." This shows that Hari had
- (i) many friends.
- (ii) few friends.
- (iii) no friends.
- 3. Which of the following actions would make a friendly person? Write them down.
- Respecting other people.
- Eating a small child's tiffin.
- Calling people rude names.
- Pushing a smaller boy and making him cry.
- Being helpful to everyone.
- Helping your classmates in school.
- Mocking at friends and hurting their feelings.

• Protecting a weaker person.

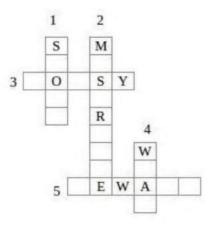
Actions	which	would	make	a	friendly	person
Ş .						

Answer

- 1. (ii) Because he always pinched them.
- 2. (ii) no friends
- 3. Respecting other people. Being helpful to everyone. Helping your classmates in school. Protecting a weaker person.

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Question 1: Find out words which are opposites or are closest to being the opposites of the words given below. Then write down the opposites in the grid.



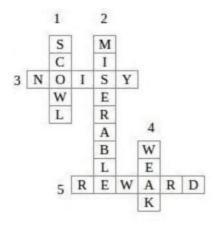
Down Across

1. smile 3. quiet

2. happy 5. punish

4. strong

Answer



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Question 2: Hari was pinched till he was black and blue. 'Black and blue' means (i) Hari fell down in pain. (ii) there were bruises on his body. (iii) Hari painted himself in colours. (iv) Hari had a black and blue shirt.

Answer

(i) there were bruises on his body.

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Question 3: 'I shan't pinch anyone anymore'. Shan't means. (i) shall (ii) should (iii) shall not (iv) will not

(iii) shall not	
	Page No 141:
Question 4: Give	e the full forms of won't
weren't	<u></u>
wouldn't	
couldn't	
Answer	
(i) will not (ii) we	ere not (iii) would not (iv) could not
	Page No 141:
	1 4 5 6 1 10 1 11.
Question 5: A gi crying loudly.	
crying loudly.	
crying loudly. The words quietly	irl was sitting quietly beside him. Hari leapt to his feet,
crying loudly. The words quietly Find five more we	irl was sitting quietly beside him. Hari leapt to his feet, y and loudly tell us how an action is being done. ords ending in -ly which denote how something is done.
crying loudly. The words quietly Find five more we (i)	irl was sitting quietly beside him. Hari leapt to his feet, y and loudly tell us how an action is being done. ords ending in -ly which denote how something is donely
crying loudly. The words quietly Find five more we (i) (ii)	irl was sitting quietly beside him. Hari leapt to his feet, y and loudly tell us how an action is being done. ords ending in -ly which denote how something is done. ly ly
crying loudly. The words quietly Find five more we (i) (ii) (iii)	irl was sitting quietly beside him. Hari leapt to his feet, y and loudly tell us how an action is being done. ords ending in -ly which denote how something is done. ly ly ly ly
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clear	merry	weary	double			
dreary	bright	bad	fond			
Now can you make sentences with these words?						
19						
Answer						
(i) <u>ideally</u> (ii)	(i) ideally (ii) logically (iii) gratefully (iv) definitely (v) secondly					
•						
clearly	merrily	wearily	doubly			
drearily	brightly	badly	fondly			

- 1) They were <u>clearly</u> lost in their way.
- 2) We rolled along merrily.
- 3) He smiled wearily while talking to me.
- 4) We are going to work doubly hard.
- 5) He walked <u>drearily</u> between on the roads.
- 6) The sun was shining <u>brightly</u> in the morning.
- 7) I was badly starving in the evening.
- 8) My parents spoke to me fondly.

P	аде	No	142:
	age	110	174.

frown

fish

Question 1: Let's practice with and P and F.

fare

pleased	pricked	pinched	punished
fat	fruit	fell	forgotten
palm	pair	proud	parade

Answer

farm

Disclaimer: Students are advised to practice this on their own.

pleased	pricked	pinched	punished
fat	fruit	fell	forgotten
palm	pair	proud	parade
farm	fare	frown	fish

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Question 2: Complete the blanks with rhyming words of the following and practice aloud.

bruise	c	creatures	fe
carriage	m	teachers	pr
prawn	d	vowed	c

Answer

prawn

bruise	c <u>ruise</u>	creatures	fe <u>atures</u>	
carriage	m <u>arriage</u>	teachers	pr eachers	

d awn

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vowed

c rowed

Question 1:

How	did 1	the	seaside	creatures,	the	crab,	the	lobster	etc.	teach	Hari	
lesso	n? W	rite	in a few	lines.								

Answer

The seaside creatures, the crab, the lobster etc. pinched Hari's hands in his great pincer like claws which made him shout loudly in pain. It is only after this incident that Hari realises that this is what he has been doing to everyone and how it hurts.

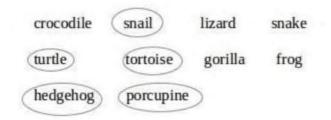
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Question 2: Read these sentences carefully. I ate an apple. A boy is standing under the tree. The sun rises in the east.

A and an do not point out any definite or particular person or thing whereas, the is used when we speak of some particular person or thing. A, an and they are called articles. Remember an is used before words beginning with a vowel a, e, i, o, u.

	lanks with appropriat	e articles.				
(i) Hari was	unpopu	ılar boy.				
(ii) The boys and	d girls went to	seaside	for a picnic.			
(iii) He saw	big crab	coming towards h	nim.			
(iv) I found	empty b	empty bottle, floating in the water.				
(v)	sea creatures ate	his food.				
Answer						
(i) an (ii) the (ii	i) a (iv) an (v) The					
	Page No	144:				
their outer cover	•					
	themselves with their		Encircle the one			
_			Encircle the one			
that can protect	themselves with their	hard cover.	ï =			
that can protect	snail	hard cover.	snake			

Answer



Disclaimer: This is a sample answer. Students are advised to write the answer based on their own observations.

Tortoise

1) They have four legs and a shell. 2) They are cold blooded. 3) They range in different sizes. 4) The female tends to be larger than the male tortoise. 5) They live up to 90 years.

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Question 4: Can you tell the difference between a turtle and a tortoise? Write a few lines.

Disclaimer	Disclaimer : Kindly refer the textbook for the images.						
8							
2							

Answer

- 1) Turtles have a flat back whereas a tortoise does not have a flat back.
- 2) Turtles can live both on land and water whereas a tortoise lives entirely above water.
- 3) Turtles are omnivorous whereas a tortoise is mostly herbivorous.

- 4) Turtle's shell is lighter than the tortoise.
- 5) A tortoise can live up to 150 years whereas a turtle can live up to 40 years.

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Question 5: Describe what is happening in the picture. Use is/are and ing to make your sentences. Clues are given in the box.

swing	sit	climb	
lick	slid	kick	

Disclaimer: Kindly refer the textbook for the images.

For example, Krishna is swinging.

- (i) Mary _____ up the slide.
- (ii) Hari _____ and boxing her.
- (iii) Little Bitoo ______ a lollipop.
- (iv) Rita _____ down the slide.

Imagine what the children will do in the playground tomorrow. You can take some hints from the words given in the box. e.g. John will play kabbadi tomorrow.

Answer

(i) is swinging

- (ii) is climbing
- (iii) is licking
- (iv) is sliding

•

- (i) Hari will play football tomorrow.
- (ii) Rita will run after the rabbit.
- (iii) Little Bitoo will race with his friends.
- (iv) Mary will play badminton with Hari.

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Question 1: Work in groups of four. See the picture of a shipwreck at the bottom of the ocean.

Suppose you went deep-sea diving. What would you find? Think of all the words that come to your mind, then build a paragraph. Share your story with other groups.

Disclaimer: Kindly refer the textbook for the image.

Answer

Disclaimer: This is a sample answer. Students are advised to write the answer based on their personal experiences and observations.

Suppose if I went deep sea diving, I would find small colourful fish, lobsters in it. I would also see precious jewels which I would carry them home. There would also be shells in which I can find pearls. There can be starfish, turtles and a ship sunk at the bottom.