8. Division of Algebraic Expressions

Exercise 8.1

1. Question

Write the degree of each of the following polynomials:

(i)
$$2x^3 + 5x^2 - 7$$

(ii)
$$5x^2 - 3x + 2$$

(iii)
$$2x + x^2 - 8$$

(iv)
$$\frac{1}{2}y^7 - 12y^6 + 48y^5 - 10$$

(v)
$$3x^3 + 1$$

(vi) 5

(vii)
$$20x^3 + 12x^2y^2 + 20$$

Answer

(i)
$$2x^3 + 5x^2 - 7$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 3.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 3.

(ii)
$$5x^2 - 3x + 2$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 2.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 2.

(iii)
$$2x + x^2 - 8$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 2.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 2.

(iv)
$$\frac{1}{2}y^7 - 12y^6 + 48y^5 - 10$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 7.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 7.

(v)
$$3x^3 + 1$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 3.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 3.

(vi) 5

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial there is no variable term.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 0.

(vii)
$$20x^3 + 12x^2y^2 + 20$$

Degre is the highest power of the variable of a polynomial. In the given polynomial highest power is 4.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is 4.

2. Question

Which of the following expressions are not polynomiasl?

(i)
$$x^2 + 2x^{-2}$$

(ii)
$$\sqrt{a}x + x^2 - x^3$$

(iii)
$$3y^3 - \sqrt{5}y + 9$$

(iv)
$$ax^{1/2} + ax + 9x^2 + 4$$

(v)
$$3x^{-3} + 2x^{-1} + 4x + 5$$

Answer

(i)
$$x^2 + 2x^2$$

A polynomial never has negative or fractional power. In the given expression $_{\chi}$ has negative power.

Therefore it is not a polynomial.

(ii)
$$\sqrt{a}x + x^2 - x^3$$

A polynomial always has positive power.

Therefore the given expression is a polynomial.

A polynomial always has positive power.

Therefore the given expression is a polynomial.

(iv)
$$ax^{1/2} + ax + 9x^2 + 4$$

A polynomial never has negative or fractional power. In the given expression $_{\chi}$ has fractional power.

Therefore it is not a polynomial.

(v)
$$3x^{-3} + 2x^{-1} + 4x + 5$$

A polynomial never has negative or fractional power. In the given expression $_{\chi}$ has negative power.

Therefore it is not a polynomial.

3. Question

Write each of the following polynomicals in the standard from. Also, write their drgree:

(i)
$$x^2 + 3 + 6x + 5x^4$$

(ii)
$$a^2 + 4 + 5a^6$$

(iii)
$$(x^3 - 1)(x^3 - 4)$$

(iv)
$$(y^3 - 2)(y^3 + 11)$$

(v)
$$\left(a^3 - \frac{3}{8}\right) \left(a^3 + \frac{16}{17}\right)$$

(vi)
$$\left(a + \frac{3}{4}\right) \left(a + \frac{4}{3}\right)$$

Answer

(i)
$$x^2 + 3 + 6x + 5x^4$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $5x^4 + x^2 + 6x + 3$ or $3 + 6x + x^2 + 5x^4$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 4

(ii)
$$a^2 + 4 + 5a^6$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $5a^6 + a^2 + 4$ or $4 + a^2 + 5a^6$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 6

(iii)
$$(x^3 - 1)(x^3 - 4)$$

$$(x^3-1)(x^3-4) = x^6 - 4x^3 - x^3 + 4$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $_{\chi^6-5\chi^3+4}$ or $_{4-5\chi^3+\chi^6}$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 6

(iv)
$$(y^3-2)(y^3+11)$$

$$(y^3-2)(y^3+11) = y^6+11y^3-2y^3-22$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $v^6 + 9v^3 - 22$ or $-22 + 9v^3 + v^6$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 6

(v)
$$\left(a^3 - \frac{3}{9}\right) \left(a^3 + \frac{16}{17}\right)$$

$$\left(a^3 - \frac{3}{8}\right)\left(a^3 + \frac{16}{17}\right) = a^6 + \frac{16a^3}{17} - \frac{3a^3}{8} - \frac{6}{17}$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $a^6 + \frac{11a^3}{12} - \frac{6}{5}$ or $-\frac{6}{5} + \frac{11a^3}{12} + a^6$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 6

(vi)
$$\left(a + \frac{3}{4}\right) \left(a + \frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$\left(a + \frac{3}{4}\right)\left(a + \frac{4}{3}\right) = a^2 + \frac{4a}{3} + \frac{3a}{4} + 1$$

A polynomial in the standard form is written in the decreasing or increasing power of the variable.

Standard form of the polynomial: $a^2 + \frac{25a}{10} + 1$ or $1 + \frac{25a}{10} + a^2$

Degree is the highest power of the variable in the given expression.

Therefore degree of the polynomial is: 2

Exercise 8.2

1. Question

Divide:

 $6x^3y^3z^2$ by $3x^2yz$

Answer

$$\frac{6x^2y^3z^2}{3x^2yz} = \left(\frac{6}{3}x^{3-2}y^{3-1}z^{2-1}\right) = 2xy^2z \text{ [Using an} \div \text{am} = \text{an-m}]$$

2. Question

Divide:

15m³n³ by 5m²n²

Answer

$$\frac{15m^3n^3}{5m^2n^2} = (\frac{15}{5}m^{3-2}n^{3-2}) = 3mn$$
 [Using $a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}$]

3. Question

Divide:

 $24a^{3}b^{3}bv - 8ab$

Answer

$$\frac{24a^3b^3}{-8ab} = (\frac{24}{-8}a^{3-1}b^{3-1}) = -3a^2b^2 \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

4. Question

Divide:

-21 abc² by - 7abc

Answer

$$\frac{-21abc^2}{-7abc} = (\frac{-21}{-7}a^{1-1}b^{1-1}c^{2-1}) = 3a^{\circ}b^{\circ}c = 3c \text{ [Using a}^{\text{n}} \div \text{a}^{\text{m}} = \text{a}^{\text{n-m}} \text{] and [a}^{\circ} = 1]$$

5. Question

Divide:

$$xyz^2$$
 by $-9xz$

Answer

$$\frac{xyz^2}{-9xz} = \left(\frac{1}{-9}x^{1-1}yz^{2-1}\right) = -\frac{1yz}{9} = -\frac{yx}{9} \text{[Using a}^{n} \div \text{a}^{m} = \text{a}^{n-m}\text{] and [a° = 1]}$$

6. Question

Divide:

$$-72a^4b^5c^8$$
 by $-9a^2b^2c^3$

Answer

$$= 8a^2b^3c^5$$

7. Question

Simplify:

$$\frac{16m^3y^2}{4m^2y}$$

Answer

$$\frac{16m^3y^2}{4m^2y} = \left(\frac{16}{4}m^{3-2}y^{2-1}\right) = 4my \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

8. Question

Simplify:

$$\frac{32\,\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{n}^2\mathrm{p}^2}{4\,\mathrm{mnp}}$$

Answer

$$\frac{^{32m^2n^2p^2}}{^{4mnp}} = (\frac{^{32}}{^4}m^{2^{-1}}n^{2^{-1}}p^{2^{-1}}) = 8mnp \text{ [Using a}^{\text{n}} \div \text{a}^{\text{m}} = \text{a}^{\text{n-m}}]$$

Exercise 8.3

1. Question

Divide:

$$x + 2x^2 + 3x^4 - x^5$$
 by $2x$

Answer

$$\frac{x+2x^2+3x^4-x^5}{2x} = \frac{x}{2x} + \frac{2x^2}{2x} + \frac{3x^4}{2x} - \frac{x^5}{2x} = \frac{1}{2} + x + \frac{3x^3}{2} - \frac{x^4}{5} \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

2. Question

Divide:

$$y^4 - 3y^3 + \frac{1}{2}y^2$$
 by 3y

Answer

$$\frac{y^4 - 3y^3 + \frac{1y^2}{2}}{3y} = \frac{y^4}{3y} - \frac{3y^3}{3y} + \frac{y^2}{6y} = \frac{y^3}{3} - y^2 + \frac{y}{6} [Using \ a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

3. Question

Divide:

$$-4a^3 + 4a^2 + aby 2a$$

Answei

$$-\frac{4a^3}{2a} + \frac{4a^2}{2a} + \frac{a}{2a} = -2a^2 + 2a + \frac{1}{2} = \text{[Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}\text{]}$$

4. Question

Divide:

$$-x^6 + 2x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2$$
 by $\sqrt{2}x^2$

Answer

$$-\frac{x^6}{\sqrt{2}x^2} + \frac{2x^4}{\sqrt{2}x^2} + \frac{4x^3}{\sqrt{2}x^2} = -\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{2x^2}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4x}{\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{x^4}{\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}x^2 + \sqrt{2}x$$
 [Using $a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}$]

5. Question

Divide:

$$5z^3 - 6z^2 + 7zby 2z$$

$$\frac{5z^3}{2z} - \frac{6z^2}{2z} + \frac{7z}{2z} = \frac{5z^2}{2} - 3z + \frac{7}{2} [Using \ a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

6. Question

Divide:

$$\sqrt{3}a^4 + 2\sqrt{3}a^3 + 3^2 - 6a$$
 by 3a

Answer

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}a^4}{3a} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}a^3}{3a} + \frac{9}{3a} - \frac{6a}{3a} = \frac{\sqrt{3}a^3}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{3}a^2}{3} + \frac{3}{a} - 2 \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}]$$

Exercise 8.4

1. Question

Divide:

$$5x^3 - 15x^2 + 25xby5x$$

Answer

$$\frac{5x^3}{5x} - \frac{15x^2}{5x} + \frac{25x}{5x} = 5x^2 - 3x + 5 \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}\text{]}$$

2. Ouestion

Divide:

$$4z^3 + 6z^2 - zby - \frac{1}{2}z$$

Answer

$$\frac{2\times 4z^3}{-1z} + \frac{2\times 6z^2}{-1z} - \frac{2\times z}{-1z} = -8z^2 - 12z + 2 \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}\text{]}$$

3. Question

Divide:

$$9x^2y - 6xy + 12xy^2by - \frac{3}{2}xy$$

Answer

$$\frac{2 \times 9x^2y}{-3xy} - \frac{2 \times 6xy}{-3xy} + \frac{2 \times 12xy^2}{-3xy} = -6x^2y + 4y - 8y \text{ [Using an} \div a^{\text{m}} = a^{\text{n-m}}\text{]}$$

4. Question

Divide:

$$3x^3y^2 + 2x^2y + 15xyby 3xy$$

Answer

$$\frac{3x^3y^2}{3xy} + \frac{2x^2y}{3xy} + \frac{15xy}{3xy} = x^2y + \frac{2x}{3} + 5 \text{ [Using a}^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}\text{]}$$

5. Question

Divide:

$$x^3 + 7x + 12by x + 4$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
x+4 & x^2+7x+12 & x+3 \\
 & x^2+4x & \\
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Ans: x+3

6. Question

Divide:

$$4y^2 + 3y + \frac{1}{2}by\,2y + 1$$

Answer

7. Question

Divide:

$$3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 18$$
 by $x + 2$

Answer

8. Question

Divide:

$$14x^2 - 53x + 45$$
 by $7x - 9$

Answer

$$7x - 9 \overline{\smash)14x^2 - 53x + 45} / 2x - 5$$

$$14x^2 - 18x$$

$$- +$$

$$-35x + 45$$

$$+ -35x + 45$$

$$+ -35x + 45$$

9. Question

Divide:

$$-21 + 71x - 31x^2 - 24x^3\,by\,3 - 8x$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
-8x + 3 \overline{\smash)} -24x^3 - 31x^2 + 71x - 21 \quad \boxed{} 3x^2 + 5x - 7 \\
-24x^3 + 9x^2 \\
+ \quad - \\
-40x^2 + 71x \\
-40x^2 + 15x \\
+ \quad - \\
56x - 21 \\
56x - 21 \\
- \quad + \\
0
\end{array}$$

10. Question

Divide:

$$3y^4 - 3y^3 - 4y^2 - 4y$$
 by $y^2 - 2y$

Answer

$$y^{2}-2y \sqrt{3y^{4}-3y^{3}-4y^{2}-4y} \sqrt{3y^{2}+3y+2}$$

$$3y^{4}-6y^{3}$$

$$-+$$

$$3y^{3}-4y^{2}$$

$$3y^{3}-6y^{2}$$

$$-+$$

$$2y^{2}-4y$$

$$2y^{2}-4y$$

$$--+$$

$$0$$

11. Question

Divide:

$$2y^5 + 10y^4 + 6y^3 + y^2 + 5y + 3 \ by \ 2y^3 + 1$$

Answer

12. Question

Divide:

$$x^4 - 2x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 4by x^2 + x + 1$$

Answer

13. Question

Divide:

$$m^3 - 14m^2 + 37m - 26 \ by \ m^2 - 12m + 13$$

Answer

14. Question

Divide:

$$x^4 + x^2 + 1$$
 by $x^2 + x + 1$

Answer

15. Question

Divide:

$$x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$$
by $x^3 + 1$

Answer

16. Question

Divide each of the following and find the quotient and remainder:

$$14x^3 - 5x^2 + 9x - 1$$
by $2x - 1$

Quotient: $7x^2 + x + 5$

Remainder: 4

17. Question

Divide each of the following and find the quotient and remainder:

$$3x^3 - x^2 - 10x - 3$$
 by $x - 3$

Answer

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
x-3 & 3x^3 - x^2 - 10x - 3 & 3x^2 + 8x + 14 \\
3x^3 - 9x^2 & & & \\
& - & + \\
8x^2 - 10x - 3 & \\
8x^2 - 24x & & \\
& - & + \\
14x - 3 & \\
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& & & \\
& & & \\
& & & \\
& & &$$

Quotient: $3x^2 + 8x + 14$

Remainder: 39

18. Question

Divide each of the following and find the quotient and remainder:

$$6x^3 + 11x^2 - 39x - 65$$
 by $3x^2 + 13x + 13$

Answer

Quotient: 2x - 5

Remainder: 0

19. Question

Divide each of the following and find the quotient and remainder:

$$30x^4 + 11x^3 - 82x^2 - 12x + 48\,by\,3x^2 + 2x - 4$$

Answer

Quotient: $10x^2 - 3x - 12$

Remainder: 0

20. Question

Divide each of the following and find the quotient and remainder:

$$9x - 4x^2 + 4by 3x^2 - 4x + 2$$

Answer

Quotient: $3x^2 + 4x + 2$

Remainder: 0

21. Question

Verify division algorithm i.e. Dividend=Divisor × Quotient + Remainder, in each of the following. Also, write the quotient and remainder;

Dividend Divisor $(i)14x^2 + 13x - 15$ 7x - 4

 $(ii)15z^3 - 20z^2 + 13z - 12$ 3z - 6

 $(iii)6y^5 - 28y^3 + 3y^2 + 30y - 9$ $2x^2 - 6$

 $(iv)34x - 22x^3 - 12x^4 - 10x^2 - 75$ 3x + 7

 $(v)15y^{4} - 16y^{3} + 9y^{2} - \frac{10}{3}y + 6$ 3y - 2

 $(vi)4y^3 + 8y + 8y^2 + 7$ $2y^2 - y + 1$ $(vii)6y^4 + 4y^4 + 4y^3 + 7y^2 + 27y + 6$ $2y^3 + 1$

Answer

(i)

$$7x - 4 \overline{\smash)14x^2 + 13x - 15} \overline{\smash)2x + 3}$$

$$\underline{14x^2 - 8x}$$

$$\underline{- + \\
21x - 15}$$

$$\underline{21x - 12}$$

$$\underline{- + \\
-3}$$

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$14x^2 + 13x - 15 = (7x - 4) \times (2x + 3) + (-3)$$

$$14x^2 + 13x - 15 = 14x^2 + 21x - 8x - 12 - 3$$

$$14x^2 + 13x - 15 = 14x^2 + 13x - 15$$

(ii)

$$3z - 6 \overline{\smash) 15z^3 - 20z^2 + 13z - 12 } \underbrace{5z^2 + \frac{10z}{3} + 11}$$

$$15z^3 - 30z^2 - + 10z^2 + 13z - 12$$

$$10z^2 - 20z - + 33z - 12$$

$$33z - 66 - + 54$$

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$15z^{3} - 20z^{2} + 13z - 12 = (3z - 6) \times \left(5z^{2} + \frac{10z}{3} + 11\right) + 54$$

$$15z^{3} - 20z^{2} + 13z - 12 = 15z^{3} + 10z^{2} + 33z - 30z^{2} - 20z + 54$$

$$15z^{3} - 20z^{2} + 13z - 12 = 15z^{3} - 20z^{2} + 13z - 12$$
(iii)

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$6y^{5} - 28y^{3} + 3y^{2} + 30y - 9 = (2y^{2} - 6) \times (3y^{3} - 5y + \frac{3}{2}) + 0$$

$$6y^{5} - 28y^{3} + 3y^{2} + 30y - 9 = 6y^{5} - 10y^{3} + 3y^{2} - 18y^{3} + 30y - 9$$

$$6y^{5} - 28y^{3} + 3y^{2} + 30y - 9 = 6y^{5} - 28y^{3} + 3y^{2} + 30y - 9$$

(iv)

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$-12x^{4} - 22x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 34x - 75 = (3x + 7) \times (-4x^{3} + 2x^{2} - 8x + 30) - 285$$

$$-12x^{4} - 22x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 34x - 75 = -12x^{4} + 6x^{3} - 24x^{2} - 28x^{3} + 14x^{2} + 90x - 56x + 210 - 285$$

$$-12x^{4} - 22x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 34x - 75 = -12x^{4} - 22x^{3} - 10x^{2} + 34x - 75$$

(v)

$$3y - 2 \sqrt{15y^4 - 16y^3 + 9y^2 - \frac{10y}{3} + 6 \int 5y^3 - 2y^2 + \frac{5y}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{15y^4 - 10y^3}{- + -6y^3 + 9y^2 - \frac{10y}{3} + 6}$$

$$- 6y^3 + 4y^2$$

$$+ - \frac{5y^2 - \frac{10y}{3} + 6}{5y^2 - \frac{10y}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{10y}{3} + \frac{10y}{3} + \frac{10y}{3}$$

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$15y^{4} - 16y^{3} + 9y^{2} - \frac{10y}{3} + 6 = (3y - 2) \times \left(5y^{3} - 2y^{2} + \frac{5y}{3}\right) + 6$$

$$15y^{4} - 16y^{3} + 9y^{2} - \frac{10y}{3} + 6 = 15y^{4} - 6y^{3} + 5y^{2} - 10y^{3} + 4y^{2} - \frac{10y}{3} + 6$$

$$15y^{4} - 16y^{3} + 9y^{2} - \frac{10y}{3} + 6 = 15y^{4} - 16y^{3} + 9y^{2} - \frac{10y}{3} + 6$$

(vi)

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$4y^3 + 8y^2 + 8y + 7 = (2y^2 - y + 1) \times (2y + 5) + 11y + 2$$

$$4y^3 + 8y^2 + 8y + 7 = 4y^3 + 10y^2 - 2y^2 - 5y + 2y + 5 + 11y + 2$$

$$4y^3 + 8y^2 + 8y + 7 = 4y^3 + 8y^2 + 8y + 7$$
(vii)

Dividend = Divisor × Quotient + Remainder

$$6y^{5} + 4y^{4} + 4y^{3} + 7y^{2} + 27y + 6 = (2y^{3} + 1) \times (3y^{2} + 2y + 2) + 4y^{2} + 25y + 4$$

$$6y^{5} + 4y^{4} + 4y^{3} + 7y^{2} + 27y + 6 = 6y^{5} + 4y^{4} + 4y^{3} + 3y^{2} + 2y + 2 + 4y^{2} + 25y + 4$$

$$6y^{5} + 4y^{4} + 4y^{3} + 7y^{2} + 27y + 6 = 6y^{5} + 4y^{4} + 4y^{3} + 7y^{2} + 27y + 6$$

22. Question

Divide $15y^4 + 16y^3 + \frac{10}{3}y - 9y^2 - 6$ by 3y - z Write down the coeficients of the terms in the quotient.

$$3y-2 \overline{\smash)15y^4 + 16y^3 - 9y^2 + \frac{10y}{3} - 6 \left(5y^3 + \frac{26y^2}{3} + \frac{25y}{9} + \frac{80}{27}\right)} \\
- \frac{15y^4 - 10y^3}{2} - \frac{+}{26y^3 - 9y^2 + \frac{10y}{3} - 6} \\
26y^3 - \frac{52y^2}{3} - \frac{-}{2} \\
- \frac{25y^2}{3} - \frac{50y}{9} \\
- \frac{+}{\frac{80y}{9} - 6} \\
\frac{80y}{9} - \frac{160}{27} \\
- \frac{+}{\frac{-}{27}}$$

Quotient:
$$5y^3 + \frac{26y^2}{3} + \frac{25y}{9} + \frac{80}{27}$$

Coefficient of
$$y^3 = 5$$
; Coefficient of $y^2 = \frac{26}{3}$; Coefficient of $y = \frac{25}{9}$; Constant term = Coefficient of $y^2 = \frac{80}{27}$

23. Question

Using division of polynomials state whether

- (i) x + 6 is a factor of $x^2 x 42$ 3
- (ii) 4x-1 is a factor of $4x^2 13x 12$
- (iii) 2y-5 is a factor of $4y^4 10y^3 10y^2 + 30y 15$
- (iv) $3y^2 + 5$ is a factor of $6y^5 + 15y^4 + 16y^3 + 4y^2 + 10y 35$
- (v) $z^2 + 3$ is a factor of $z^5 9z$
- (vi) $2x^2 x + 3$ is a factor of $6x^5 x^4 + 4x^3 5x^2 x 15$

Answer

(i) x + 6 is a factor of $x^2 - x - 42$

Quotient: $\chi = 7$

Remainder: 0

Since remainder is 0 therefore (x+6) is a factor of x^2-x-42

(ii) 4x-1 is a factor of $4x^2 - 13x - 12$

$$4x - 1 \overline{\smash)} 4x^2 - 13x - 12 \overline{\smash)} x - 3$$

$$- x$$

$$- 12x - 12$$

$$- 12x + 3$$

$$+ - 15$$

Quotient: $\chi = 3$

Remainder: 15

Since remainder is 15 therefore (4x-1) is **NOT** a factor of $4x^2-13x-12$

(iii) 2y-5 is a factor of $4y^4 - 10y^2 - 10y^2 + 30y - 15$

$$2y - 5 \sqrt{4y^4 - 10y^3 - 10y^2 + 30y - 15} \sqrt{2y^3 - 5y + \frac{5}{2}}$$

$$-4y^4 - 10y^3$$

$$- + -10y^2 + 30y - 15$$

$$-10y^2 + 25y$$

$$+ - - -5$$

$$5y - \frac{25}{2}$$

$$- + - \frac{5}{2}$$

Quotient: $2y^3 - 5y + \frac{5}{2}$

Remainder: $-\frac{5}{2}$

Since remainder is $-\frac{5}{2}$ therefore (2y-5) is **NOT** a factor of $4y^4-10y^3-10y^2+30y-15$

(iv) $3y^2 + 5$ is a factor of $6y^5 + 15y^4 + 16y^3 + 4y^2 + 10y - 35$

Quotient: $2y^3 + 2y + \frac{4}{3}$

Remainder: $-\frac{125}{3}$

Since remainder is $-\frac{125}{3}$ therefore $(3y^2+5)$ is **NOT** a factor of $6y^5+15y^4+16y^3+4y^2+10y-35$

(v) $z^2 + 3$ is a factor of $z^5 - 9z$

$$z^{2} + 3 \sqrt{z^{5} - 9z} \int z^{3} - 3z$$

$$-\frac{z^{5} + 3z^{3}}{-3z^{3} - 9z}$$

$$-3z^{3} - 9z$$

$$+ + 0$$

Quotient: $z^3 - 3z$

Remainder: 0

Since remainder is 0 therefore (z^3-3z) is a factor of z^5-9z

(vi) $2x^2 - x + 3$ is a factor of $6x^5 - x^4 + 4x^3 - 5x^2 - x - 15$

$$2x^{2} - x + 3 \sqrt{6x^{5} - x^{4} + 4x^{2} - 5x^{2} - x - 15} \sqrt{3x^{3} + x^{2} - 2x - 3}$$

$$- \frac{6x^{5} - 3x^{4} + 9x^{3}}{2x^{4} - 5x^{3} - 5x^{2} - x - 15}$$

$$- \frac{2x^{4} - 5x^{3} - 5x^{2} - x - 15}{2x^{4} - 3x^{3} + 3x^{2}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{-4x^{3} - 8x^{2} - x - 15}$$

$$- 4x^{3} - 8x^{2} - x - 15$$

$$- 4x^{3} - 2x^{2} - 6x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{-6x^{2} + 5x - 15}$$

$$- 6x^{2} + 3x - 9$$

$$+ \frac{1}{-6x^{2} + 3x - 9}$$

Quotient: $3x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 3$

Remainder: $2x^2 - x + 3$

Since remainder is 2x - 6 therefore $(3y^2 + 5)$ is **NOT** a factor of $6y^5 + 15y^4 + 16y^3 + 4y^2 + 10y - 35$

24. Question

Find the value of a, if x+2 is a factor of $4x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 5a$.

Answer

x + 2 is a factor of $4x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 5a$

x + 2 = 0

x = -2 Therefore substitute x = -2 in the given equation we get,

$$4(-2)^4 + 2(-2)^3 - 3(-2)^2 + 8(-2) + 5\alpha = 0$$

$$64 - 16 - 12 - 16 + 5\alpha = 0$$

$$20 + 5a = 0$$

$$5a = -20$$

$$a = -\frac{20}{5} = -4$$

$$a = -4$$

25. Question

What must be added to $x^4 + 2x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1$ so that the resulting polymonial is exactly divible by $x^2 + 2x - 3$.

Answer

Quotient: $\chi^2 + 1$

Remainder: -x + 2

Therefore $\chi = 2$ to be added.

Exercise 8.5

1. Question

Divide the first polynomial by the second polynomial in each of the following Also write the quotient and remainder:

(i)
$$3x^2 + 4x + 5, x - 2$$

(ii)
$$10x^2 - 7x + 8, 5x - 3$$

(iii)
$$5y^3 - 6y^2 + 6y - 1, 5y - 1$$

(iv)
$$x^4 - x^3 + 5x, x - 1$$

(v)
$$y^4 + y^2, y^2 - 2$$

Answer

(i)
$$3x^2 + 4x + 5, x - 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
x - 2 \overline{\smash)3x^2 + 4x + 5} \overline{\smash)3x + 10} \\
3x^2 - 6x \\
\underline{- + \\
10x + 5} \\
\underline{- + \\
10x - 20} \\
\underline{- + \\
25}
\end{array}$$

Quotient: 3x + 10

Remainder: 25

(ii)
$$10x^2 - 7x + 8,5x - 3$$

$$5x - 3 \sqrt{10x^{2} - 7x + 8} \sqrt{2x - \frac{1}{5}}$$

$$10x^{2} - 6x$$

$$- + + -x + 8$$

$$-x + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$+ - - - 8 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{37}{7}$$

Quotient: $2x - \frac{1}{5}$

Remainder: $\frac{37}{5}$

(iii)
$$5y^3 - 6y^2 + 6y - 1, 5y - 1$$

$$5y - 1 \overline{\smash)5y^3 - 6y^2 + 6y - 1} \overline{\smash)y^2 - y + 1}$$

$$5y^3 - y^2$$

$$- +$$

$$-5y^2 + 6y - 1$$

$$-5y^2 + y$$

$$+ -$$

$$5y - 1$$

$$- +$$

$$0$$

Quotient: $y^2 - y + 1$

Remainder: 0

(iv)
$$x^4 - x^3 + 5x, x - 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 x - 1 \\
 \hline
 x^4 - x^3 + 5x / x^3 + 5 \\
 \hline
 x^4 - x^3 \\
 \hline
 - + \\
 \hline
 5x \\
 \hline
 - + \\
 \hline
 5x
 \end{array}$$

Quotient: $\chi^3 + 5$

Remainder: 5

(v)
$$y^4 + y^2, y^2 - 2$$

Quotient: $y^2 + 1$

Remainder: 2

2. Question

Find Whether or not the first polynomial is a factor of the second:

(i)
$$x + 1, 2x^2 + 5x + 4$$

(ii)
$$y - 2$$
, $3y^3 + 5y^2 + 5y + 2$

(iii)
$$4x^2 - 5$$
, $4x^4 + 7x^2 + 15$

(iv)
$$4 - z$$
, $3z^2 - 13z + 4$

(v)
$$2a - 3$$
, $10a^2 - 9a - 5$

(vi)
$$4y + 1,8y^2 - 2y + 1$$

Answer

(i)
$$x + 1, 2x^2 + 5x + 4$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
x+1 & \hline
2x^2 + 5x + 4 & \hline
2x + 3 & \\
& & 2x^2 + 2x & \\
& & & - & \\
& & & 3x + 4 & \\
& & & & 3x + 3 & \\
& & & & - & \\
& & & & & 1
\end{array}$$

Quotient: 2x + 3

Remainder: 1

Since remainder is 1 therefore the first polynomial is **NOT** a factor of the second polynomial.

(ii)
$$y - 2,3y^3 + 5y^2 + 5y + 2$$

$$y-2 \overline{\smash)3y^3 + 5y^2 + 5y + 2} \overline{\smash)3y^2 + 11y + 27}$$

$$3y^3 - 6y^2$$

$$- +$$

$$11y^2 + 5y + 2$$

$$11y^2 - 22y$$

$$- +$$

$$27y + 2$$

$$27y - 54$$

$$- +$$

$$56$$

Quotient: $3y^2 + 11y + 27$

Remainder: 56

Since remainder is 56 therefore the first polynomial is **NOT** a factor of the second polynomial.

(iii)
$$4x^2 - 5$$
, $4x^4 + 7x^2 + 15$

$$4x^{2} - 5 \overline{\smash)4x^{4} + 7x^{2} + 15 } \overline{\smash)x^{2} + 3}$$

$$\underline{4x^{4} - 5x^{2}}$$

$$\underline{- + 12x^{2} + 15}$$

$$\underline{12x^{2} - 15}$$

$$\underline{- + 30}$$

Quotient: $\chi^2 + 3$

Remainder: 30

Since remainder is 30 therefore the first polynomial is **NOT** a factor of the second polynomial.

(iv)
$$4 - z$$
, $3z^2 - 13z + 4$

$$\begin{array}{r}
-z + 4 \overline{\smash)3z^2 - 13z + 4} \sqrt{-3z + 1} \\
3z^2 - 12z \\
\underline{-} \\
-z + 4 \\
-z + 1 \\
\underline{+} \\
- \end{array}$$

Quotient: -3z + 1

Remainder: 0

Since remainder is 0 therefore the first polynomial is a factor of the second polynomial.

(v)
$$2a-3,10a^2-9a-5$$

$$2a - 3 \overline{\smash)10a^2 - 9a - 5 / 5a + 3}$$

$$10a^2 - 15a$$

$$- +$$

$$6a - 5$$

$$6a - 9$$

$$- +$$

Quotient: 5a + 3

Remainder: 4

Since remainder is 4 therefore the first polynomial is **NOT** a factor of the second polynomial.

(vi)
$$4y + 1,8y^2 - 2y + 1$$

Quotient: 2y - 1

Remainder: 2

Since remainder is 2 therefore the first polynomial is **NOT** a factor of the second polynomial.

Exercise 8.6

1. Question

Divide:

$$x^2 - 5x + 6 \, by \, x - 3$$

Answer

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
x-3 & x^2-5x+6 & x-2 \\
x^2-3x & -+ & \\
& -2x+6 \\
& + & - & \\
& & & \\
\end{array}$$

Quotient: $\chi = 2$

Remainder: 0

2. Question

Divide:

$$ax^2 - ay^2$$
 by $ax + ay$

Answer

$$ax - ay \qquad ax^2 - ay^2 \int x - y$$

$$-ax^2 - axy$$

$$-ay^2 + axy$$

$$-ay^2 + axy$$

$$-ay^2 + axy$$

$$-ay^2 - ay$$

Quotient: $\chi - \gamma$

Remainder: 0

3. Question

Divide:

$$x^4 - y^4 by x^2 - y^2$$

$$x^{2} - y^{2} \overline{\smash)x^{4} - y^{4}} \overline{\smash)x^{2} + y^{2}}$$

$$- \frac{x^{4} - x^{2}y^{2}}{-y^{4} + x^{2}y^{2}}$$

$$- \frac{-y^{4} + x^{2}y^{2}}{-y^{6} + y^{6}}$$

Remainder: 0

4. Question

Divide:

$$acx^{2} + (bc + ad)x + bdby(ax + b)$$

Answer

Quotient: cx + d

Remainder: 0

5. Question

Divide:

$$\left({{a}^{2}}+2ab+{{b}^{2}} \right)-{\left({{a}^{2}}+2ac+{{c}^{2}} \right)}by\;2a+b+c$$

Answer

Quotient: b - c

Remainder: 0

6. Question

Divide:

$$\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x - 12by\frac{1}{2}x - 4$$

Answer

$$\frac{\frac{x}{2} - 4}{\frac{x^{2}}{4} - \frac{x}{2} - 12} \qquad \frac{\frac{x}{2} + 3}{\frac{x^{2}}{4} - 2x} - \frac{+}{\frac{3x}{2} - 12} - \frac{3x}{2} - 12 - \frac{+}{\frac{3x}{2} - 12} - \frac{+}{\frac{3x}{$$

Quotient: $\frac{x}{2} + 3$

Remainder: 0