15. Understanding Shapes-I (Polygons)

Exercise 15.1

1. Question

Draw rough diagram to illustrate the following:

- (i) Open curve
- (ii) Closed curve

Answer

(i) Open curve

Rough diagram of open curve:



(ii) Closed curve

Rough diagram of close curve:



2. Question

Classify the following curves as open or closed:



Answer

Closed curves: (ii), (iii) and (vi)

Open curves: (i), (iv) and (v)

3. Question

Draw a polygon and shade its interior. Also draw its diagonals, if any.

Answer



4. Question

Illustrate, if possible each one of the following with a rough diagram.

- (i) A closed curve that is not a polygon.
- (ii) An open curve made up entirely of line segments.
- (iii) A polygon with two sides.

Answer

(i) A closed curve that is not a polygon.

(ii) An open curve made up entirely of line segments.



(iii) A polygon with two sides.

A polygon with two sides is not possible.

As we know that a polygon has minimum three sides.

5. Question

Following are some figures: Classify each of these figures on the basis of the following:



- (i) Simple curve (ii) Simple closed curve
- (iii) Polygon (iv) Convex polygon
- (v) Concave polygon (vi) Not a curve

Answer

- (i) Simple curve
- Fig (i), (ii), (v), (vi) and (vii) are simple curves.
- (ii) Simple closed curve

Fig (i), (ii), (v), (vi) and (vii) are simple closed curves.

(iii) Polygon

Fig (i) and (ii are polygons. Polygons are minimum three sided enclosed figure.

- (iv) Convex polygon
- Fig (ii) is a convex polygon. In a convex polygon all the vertices are pointing outwards.
- (v) Concave polygon
- Fig (i) is a concave polygon. In a concave polygon all the vertices are not pointing outwards.
- (vi) Not a curve
- Fig (viii) is not a curve.

6. Question

How many diagonals does each of the following have?

- (i) A convex quadrilateral
- (ii) A regular hexagon
- (iii) A triangle

Answer

(i) A convex quadrilateral



Convex quadrilateral has two diagonals.

(ii) A regular hexagon



An n-sided convex polygon has $\frac{n(n-3)}{2}$ diagonals.

 $\operatorname{..Applying}$ the above relation for hexagon:

Number of diagonals = $\frac{6(6-3)}{2} = \frac{18}{2} = 9$

Regular Hexagon has 9 diagonals.

(iii) A triangle



An n-sided convex polygon has $\frac{n(n-3)}{2}$ diagonals.

∴Applying the above relation for triangle:

Number of diagonals = $\frac{3(3-3)}{2} = 0$

Therefore a triangle has no diagonal

7. Question

What is a regular polygon? State the name of a regular polygon of

- (i) 3 sides
- (ii) 4 sides
- (iii) 6 sides

Answer

(i) 3 sides

Regular Polygon: A regular polygon is an enclosed figure. In a regular polygon minimum sides are three.

(ii) 4 sides

A regular polygon with 4 sides is known as quadrilateral.

(iii) 6 sides

A regular polygon with 6 sides is known as hexagon.