



976CH10

Unit 10

LET'S BEGIN

'Kathmandu' is an excerpt from the travelogue *Heaven Lake* written by Vikram Seth. The travelogue is an account of his travel from China, Tibet and Kathmandu to India. Vikram Seth beautifully describes the natural landscape, cultural richness and diversity among people from region to region.

Do you know?

A river in New Zealand has become the first in the world to be recognised as a living entity with the legal status of a person after a 170-year battle by the local Maori people.

The nation's parliament passed a bill to allow Whanganui River—known by the Maoris as Te Awa Tupua—to represent its own interests and advocate on its own behalf.

This is a unique judgement for sustaining the health and well-being of the river.

(Source: Adapted from *The Guardian International Edition*,
16 March 2017)

1. Collect information on similar judgements being taken in the context of river Ganga, and discuss in class.
2. Talk about the condition of Bagmati river in Kathmandu written by Vikram Seth.

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Text I

When we think of tourism, we think primarily of people who are visiting a particular place for sightseeing, visiting friends and relatives, taking a vacation, and having a good time. They may spend their leisure time engaging in various sports, sunbathing, talking, singing, taking rides, touring, reading or simply enjoying further. We may include in our definition of tourism people who are participating in a convention, a business conference, or some other kind of business or professional activity. Those who are taking a study tour under an expert guide or doing some kind of scientific research or study are also doing tourism. These visitors use all forms of transportation from hiking in a wilderness park to flying in a jet to an exciting city. Transportation can include taking a chairlift up a Colorado mountainside or standing at the rail of a cruise ship looking across the blue Caribbean. Whether people travel by one of these means or by car, motor coach camper, train, motorbike or bicycle, they are taking a trip and thus are engaging in tourism.

(Adapted from *Tourism: Principles, Practices, Philosophies* by Charles R. Goeldner and J.R. Brent Ritchie, p. 4)

1. **Tourism is about taking a tour**
 - (a) to a place under an expert guide
 - (b) for hiking in remote places
 - (c) for visiting a place for sightseeing
 - (d) All of the above
2. **By 'hiking in wilderness' the author means**
 - (a) taking a long distance walk in abandoned areas
 - (b) walk in the forest areas
 - (c) marathon in uninhabited areas
 - (d) sprinting in abandoned, uninhabited areas
3. **A cruise ship is**
 - (a) a large ship that carries people on voyages of pleasure.

chairlift: a series of chairs hanging from a moving cable, for carrying people up and down a mountain



Fun fact

Costs an arm and a leg

Very expensive

It's a piece of cake

It's easy

- (b) a big ship that carries people and goods on special mission.
- (c) a large watercraft for carrying passengers from one point to another.
- (d) a large ship that carries mail, goods and first aid facilities.

4. What all activities do tourists engage in?

5. What are the forms of transportation tourists use for visiting places?

Fun fact

Spelling errors

It's "commitment", not "comittment".

It's "independence", not "Independance".

Read the excerpt and answer the following questions.

Text II

Following is an excerpt from the travelogue, *The Innocents Abroad* by Mark Twain.

A little after noon on that distinguished Saturday I reached the ship and went on board. All was bustle and confusion. The pier was crowded with carriages and men; passengers were arriving and hurrying on board; the vessel's decks were encumbered with trunks and valises; groups of excursionists, arrayed in unattractive traveling costumes, were moping about in a drizzling rain and looking as droopy and woebegone as so many molting chickens. The gallant flag was up, but it was under the spell, too, and hung limp and disheartened by the mast. Altogether, it was the bluest, bluest spectacle!

pier: a long structure built in the sea and joined to the land at one end

woebegone: very sad or miserable



It was a pleasure excursion—there was no gainsaying that, because the program said so—it was so nominated in the bond—but it surely hadn't the general aspect of one.

1. Why is Saturday described as that distinguished Saturday?

- (a) because the much awaited Saturday has come when the voyage has to start.
- (b) because Saturday was a holiday.
- (c) because it is on Saturday that people were allowed to board the ship.
- (d) because it is in the afternoon on Saturday that ship would start the voyage.

2. Who are excursionists?

- (a) They are the research students.
- (b) They are pilgrims.
- (c) They are musicians.
- (d) They are tourists on a leisure trip.

3. What was the mood of the people on the ship?

4. What was the author looking forward to?



Fun fact

You can't judge a book by its cover

Don't base your opinion of something (or someone) on the way it looks.



Fun fact

Hit the nail on the head

Get something exactly right








Fun fact

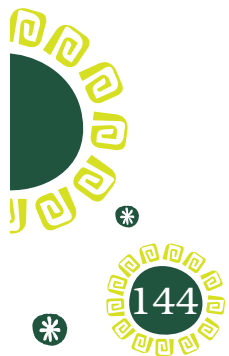
Do something at the drop of a hat

Do something without having planned beforehand



5. Match the words/phrases in Column A with pictures in Column B.

Column A	Column B
Pier	
deck	
carriage	
valise	
mast	



VOCABULARY

1. Match the phrasal verbs in Column A with the meanings in Column B.

A	B
Look for	to try to find a piece of information
Look upto	await eagerly
Look forward to	having a great deal of respect for a person
Look up	search

2. Rewrite the following words by removing the suffix 'age'.

- (a) carriage _____
 (b) coverage _____
 (c) hermitage _____
 (d) marriage _____

3. Rewrite the following words by adding the suffix 'ful'.

- (a) beauty _____
 (b) colour _____
 (c) duty _____
 (d) revenge _____
 (e) help _____
 (f) mouth _____
 (g) mercy _____



Fun fact

If the word in question has two consonants before the Y, change the Y to I before adding the suffix -ly.

Sloppy – Sloppily

Happy – happily

GRAMMAR

Tense

1. Read the following passage carefully. What is the event described in the passage? Guess when it took place. Underline and name the tenses in the following passage.

This is a good place to enrich ourselves about plant species which are environment friendly. The residents could gather a lot of information about horticulture at the event.

Several states from north India are represented at this event and the florists showcase the best of their horticulture at the show.

The organisers said that several events are lined up for Sunday and these include dance, drawing, painting and a

horticulture: the art or practice of garden cultivation and management

fashion show competition, among others. As many as 85 stalls have been put up by florists, gardening equipment wholesalers and seed retailers. Entry to the show has been made free for all. However, this year, it's the pollution control plants that have been grabbing all eyeballs.

All plants emit oxygen, but it was established in a study conducted by National Aeronautics and Space Administration back in 1989 that some indoor plants could be extremely useful in controlling the air pollution by acting as a 'vacuum cleaner' against the pollutants and absorbing them.

Detox plants, which act as 'vacuum cleaners' inside the house, are a hit in the ongoing event. Nature enthusiasts are preferring them for pollution control as well as interior decoration.

(Source: *Hindustan Times*, Saturday, 24 Feb. 2018)

detox: rid the body of unhealthy substance

EDITING

1. Punctuate the following passage with appropriate punctuation marks.

Kathmandu is vivid mercenary religious with small shrines to flower-adorned deities along the narrowest and busiest streets with fruit sellers flute sellers hawkers of postcards shops selling western cosmetics film rolls and chocolate or copper utensils and nepalese antiques film songs blare out from the radios car horns sound bicycle bells ring stray cows low questioningly at motorcycles vendors shout out their wares

This passage is taken from the text 'Kathmandu' by Vikram Seth. You can compare and check your rewritten passage with the passage in the textbook and see how far you are correct.

Fun fact

The shortest, oldest and most commonly used word is "I".



LISTENING

Listen to the passage and answer the questions that follow.

A Visit to Bhitarkanika

The sun was warm but the sea breeze kept up its cooling effect all along. Soon the steamer turned away and anchored near a creek by the river. The muddy fringe and the mangrove vegetation declared the gateway to the Bhitarkanika Wildlife Sanctuary in Odisha. The steamer could not negotiate these creeks at low tide, so a similar motorboat was hired to ferry us to the Dangmal forest rest-house in the heart of the mangrove forest. From the motorboat we had a good look at a large crocodile basking in the sun.

creek: a narrow area of water where the sea flows into the land

The boat moved on, taking us deeper into the forest. Here we felt as though we had stepped into a time warp. In this awesome and mysterious place, birds of extraordinary plumage appeared before us. For the moment we revelled in the magnificence of nature which had us completely in its thrall. Among the birds, the kingfishers were the stars of the show. Crocodiles, large and small, slid into the water at our approach. Through the foliage we could see chital deer delicately browsing on fresh outcrops of leaves.

plumage: the feathers covering a bird's body

A herd of wild boar was spotted searching for succulent roots. High above us, open-billed storks stood sentry-like following our progress through their remarkable kingdom. The evening sun was beginning to paint the tree-lined horizon crimson and gold and a brooding silence enveloped us all.

brooding silence: mysterious silence

(Source: *Steps to English, Workbook for Class IX*, NCERT, 2003)

1. Where was the author going?



2. Where was the forest rest-house? How did the group manage to get there?

3. Which creature did they see first?

4. What does the author mean by 'the magnificence of nature'?

5. How are the kingfishers and the open-billed storks described?

6. What were the chital deer and the wild boar doing when the motorboat went past them?

 **SPEAKING**

Prepare a short speech on the following and share it in the school assembly.

1. "Travelling—it offers you a hundred roads to adventure, and gives your heart wings."



“Travelling—it leaves you speechless, then turns you into a storyteller.”

(Ibn Batuta, a 14th century traveller)

“Travel is fatal to prejudice, bigotry, and narrow-mindedness, and many of our people need it sorely on these accounts. Broad, wholesome, charitable views of men and things cannot be acquired by vegetating in one little corner of the earth all one’s lifetime.”

(Mark Twain, *The Innocents Abroad*)



Fun fact

Put/turn the clock back

To make things the same as they were

2. The tourism sector can be aligned with the policies of sustainable development.



WRITING

1. Read/watch the advertisements on tourism. You can also watch the Kerala Tourism advertisement film 'A Reading Room With a View' which is on the cultural diversity of Kerala. The film is awarded the best film in 60 second category at the prestigious Kyoorius Awards. Now create an advertisement for your city or state for promoting tourism.

2. Write a paragraph describing a journey, imaginery, or you have undertaken.
You can follow the steps given below:
 1. Prepare an itinerary.
 2. You can make use of the following expressions, phrases and proverbs frequently used by the travellers.

Jetlag, itchy feet, hit the road, time table, on the home stretch, call it a day, book in advance, travel over, travel through, travel light, any port in a storm, stopover, etc.



PROJECT

1. You have read about the mesmerising effect of the music of flute on Vikram Seth in 'Kathmandu'.

Do you know the instruments for Sufi music differ from one culture to another? In Turkey, Iran and North Africa, the most prominent instrument is the 'Ney' which is the reed flute. In Sufi music the 'Ney' is accompanied by string instruments like *saz*, *santoor*, *rubab*, etc.

reed: a piece of thin cane or metal, which vibrates in a current of air to produce various musical sounds

Create a class magazine on music and artists. Some suggestions are given below.

- Collect information on the commonly used musical instruments in the following categories:
 - ◆ Indian classical music
 - ◆ Ghazal singing
 - ◆ Bharatnatayam, Chau and Kathak dance
 - ◆ Folk music
 - ◆ Jazz
 - Collect photographs of musical instruments.
 - Prepare brief biographical sketches of musicians, dancers, costume designers, artists, etc. You can meet some of them or collect information from sources like books, Internet, magazines, newspapers, etc.
 - Give a suitable name to the magazine.
2. Plan a trip to the North-east region of the country by road. Explore the various possibilities of the travel. Also, create a map of your travel.

NOTES

