GEOGRAPHY ASSIGNMENT
CLASS 10
CHAPTER -1
RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT
TERM 1

Q.1. Define the following:
a. strip cultivation
b. gully erosion
c. terrace farming
d. shelter belts
e. badland
f. fallow land
g. net sown area
h. bhangar

Q.2 What is a resource? Explain the classification of resources on the basis of exhaustibility. (3)

Q.3. What is resource planning? Explain three processes involved in it. (3)

Q.4. Write three differences between Khadar and Bhangar soil. (3)

KHADAR SOIL	BHANGAR SOIL

Q.5. What steps can be taken to control soil erosion in the hilly areas and arid areas? (3)

Q.6. "The pattern of net sown area in India varies greatly from one state to another". Support the statement by giving two examples of states having the highest percentage of net sown area and the two states of having the lowest percentage. Also give the main reason for each case. (3)

Q.7. Why has the land under forest not increased much since 1960-61? (3)

Q.8. Explain how nature, technology and institution are interdependent on each other with the help of a diagram. (3)

(space for diagram)

Q.9. Define Resources. Explain the classification of resources on the basis of ownership. (5)

Q10 Explain any five problems leading to land degradation. (5)

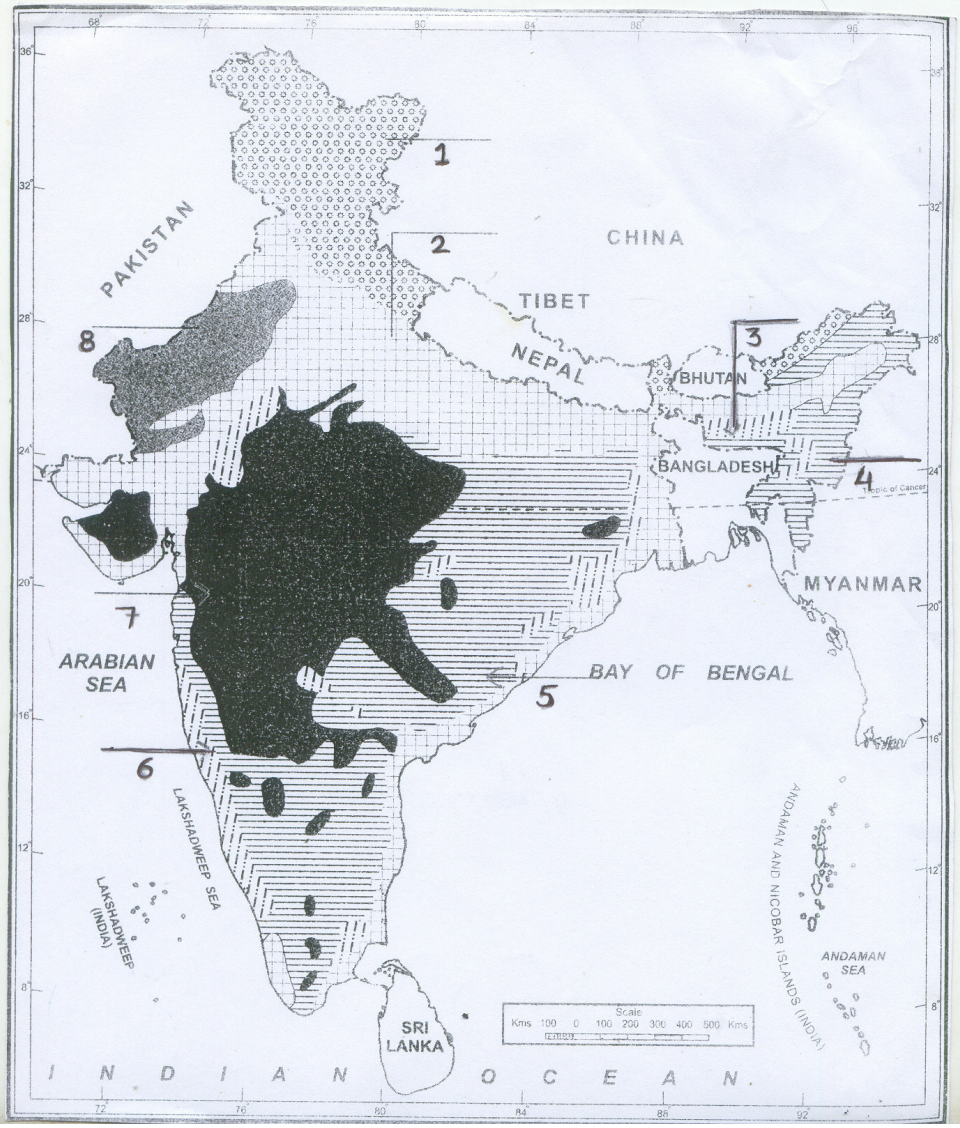
Q.11. Identify the problems that have resulted from indiscriminate use of resources. Also explain the solutions to overcome these problems. (5)

Q.12. Write four important characteristics of Alluvial soil. Name the areas where it is most commonly found. (5)

Q.13. Name some resource rich but economically backward regions and some resource poor but economically developed regions. Give reasons for such a situation. (5)

Q.14. What is soil erosion? How is it caused? (5)

Q.15. Identify various soil types on the map of India and write their names in the space provided.


1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
CHINA
PAKISTAN
TIBET
NEPAL
BHUTAN
BANGLADESH
MYANMAR
Tropic of Cancer
ARABIAN SEA
BAY OF BENGAL
LAKSHADWEEP SEA
LAKSHADWEEP (INDIA)
ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS (INDIA)
ANDAMAN SEA
SRI LANKA
Scale
Kms 100 0 100 200 300 400 500 Kms
I N D I A N O C E A N.