8

Cell—Structure and Functions

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1.	Choose	the	correct	statement	with	respect	to	unicellular
	organisn	ns:						

- (a) in unicellular organisms, tissues work in co-ordination to perform different functions.
- (b) unicellular organisms do not require food.
- (c) unicellular organisms respire and reproduce.
- (d) all unicellular organisms move by cilia.
- 2. Majority of cells cannot be seen directly with our naked eyes because:
 - (a) organisms are generally unicellular
 - (b) cells are microscopic
 - (c) cells are present only inside the body
 - (d) cells are grouped into tissues

3	Read the	different	combinations	of terms	given	helow:
J.	intau uit	unicicnt	Combinations	OI (CIIIIS	SIACII	DCIOW.

- (a) cell wall, cell membrane, nucleus, plastid
- (b) cell wall, nucleus, ribosome, chromosome
- (c) cell membrane, mitochondria, ribosome, chromosome
- (d) cell membrane, ribosome, mitochondria, chloroplast.

 The correct combination of terms with reference to an animal cell is
- 4. Which one of the following term is not a part of the nucleus?
 - (a) ribosome

(c) chromosome

(b) nucleolus

(d) gene

- 5. A suitable term for the various components of cells is
 - (a) tissue

(c) chromosomes

(b) cell organelles

(d) genes

- 6. The jelly-like fluid substance present in cells is called
 - (a) protoplasm

(c) chloroplast

(b) chromosome

(d) cytoplasm

7. Read the following pairs of examples of organisms:

	(a) moss and sponge(b) yeast and Amoeba	(c) bacteria and blue-green alga(d) penicillium and Spirogyra
	The pair that belongs to the gr	oup prokaryotes is
8.	Read the following terms and inheritance of characters.	select the pair that is related to
	(a) cell wall and cell membran(b) chromosome and mitochor(c) chloroplast and cell membran(d) chromosome and genes	ndria
9.	Choose the correct statement: (a) Genes are located in the ch (b) Cell is located in the nucle (c) Chromosomes are located in (d) Cell membrane surrounds	us. in the nucleolus.
10.	Green colour of leaves is due to (a) chlorophyll (b) ribosomes	o presence of the pigment (c) mitochondira (d) chloroplast
11.	The unit of measurement used cells is:	for expressing dimension (size) of
	(a) centimeter(b) millimeter	(c) micrometer (d) metre
12.	The most important function of (a) controls the entry and exit (b) controls only the entry of role (c) controls only the exit of material (d) allows entry and exit of material (d).	of materials from cells. naterials into cells. aterials from cells.
13.		nand over a flame and immediately sation of heat and reacted due to
	(a) blood cells(b) skin surface	(c) nerve cells(d) nucleus of cells
14.	Of the following parts of a cell l common to plant cell, animal of	isted below, name the part that is cell and a bacterial cell.
	(a) chloroplast(b) cell wall	(c) cell membrane (d) nucleus

15.	The thread-like structures pre	sent in the nucleus are
	(a) nucleolus(b) chromosomes	(c) genes(d) ribosomes
16.	organism.	
17.	Which of the following is not a (a) Red Blood Corpuscle (RBC (b) bacterium (c) spermatozoa (d) virus	
18.	Which of the following feature plant cell from an animal cell? (a) cell wall (b) cell membrane	will help you in distinguishing a (c) mitochondria (d) nucleus
19.	Under a microscope Paheli obs no distinct nucleus. The cell the (a) a plant cell (b) an animal cell	erves a cell that has a cell wall but nat she observes is (c) a nerve cell (d) a bacterial cell
20.	Cheek cells do not have (a) cell membrane (b) nucleus	_ (c) golgi apparatus (d) plastids
21.	Identify the correct statement. (a) Tissue is a group of dissim (b) An organ consists of simila (c) Vacuoles are not found in 1 (d) Prokaryotes do not have no	ar cells. plant cells.
22.	Which of the following statemed (i) They do not have a nucle (ii) They have a well organise (iii) They have a nuclear ment (iv) Blue green algae are euka	ed nucleus. abrane.

(a) ii and iv

(b) ii and iii

(c) i and ii

- (d) i and iv
- 23. Identify the correct statement about cells.
 - (a) All the cells have nucleus.
 - (b) Cells of an organ have similar structure.
 - (c) Cells of a tissue have similar structure.
 - (d) Shape of all types of cells is round.
- 24. The table given below has certain terms and four blank spaces named A, B, C and D.

Cell	Feature/part	Function
Amoeba Plant Cell	A Plastid	Movement B
C Nerve cell	Spindle shaped D	Contraction Stimuli and response

From the options given below choose the correct combination of terms.

- (a) A-Pseudopodia; B-Respirations; C-Muscle cell; D-Branched
- (b) A-Pseudopodia; B-Photosynthesis; C-Muscle cell; D-Branched
- (c) A-Contractile vacuole; B-Photosynthesis; C-Blood cell; D-Spindle shaped
- (d) A-Pseudopodia; B-Photosynthesis; C-Cheek cell; D-Spindle shaped

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

- 25. In leaves, name the cell organelle and pigment that is responsible for green colour.
- 26. The instrument used to observe cells is
- 27. We do not sense any pain when we clip our nails or cut our hair. Why?
- 28. In a cell, where are the genes located?
- 29. Amoeba and Paramecium belong to which category of organisms?

EXEMPLAR PROBLEMS

30. What are the functions of cell wall in plant cells?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

31. Is the following statement correct? If it is wrong, correct the statement

Statement: "Unicellular organisms do not respire, only multicellular organisms respire"

32. Match the terms given in column I with their functions given in column II and fill the blanks given below the table:

Column I	Column II
A. Chloroplast	i) carries hereditary characters
B. Cell membrane	ii) controls the activities of cells
C. Nucleus	iii) site of photosynthesis
D. Chromosome	iv) controls the movement
	of materials into and out of cells.
A; B; C; D)

33. Observe the following diagram given as Fig. 8.1.

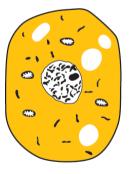


Fig. 8.1

Answer the following questions.

- A. Does it represent a plant cell or an animal cell?
- B. Does it represent a prokaryotic cell or an eukaryotic cell?

34. Label the parts A to E in the given as Fig. 8.2 diagram.

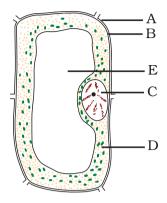


Fig. 8.2

35. Classify the following terms into cells, tissues and organs and write in the tabular column given below.

RBC, WBC, Nerve cell, blood, muscle, blood vessels, brain, heart, hand

Cell	Tissue	Organ
	(C)	
		•••••

36.	Read the following	statements	and	write	the	appropriate	term
	against each staten	nent.					

_					
A.	I control	the functions	ot a cell.	Who am I?	

- B. I am like a policeman. I do not allow anything and everything to get in and out of the cell. Who am I?
- C. I transfer characters from parents to offsprings. Who am I?

EXEMPLAR PROBLEMS

37. Fill in the blanks with the terms given in the box below:

Nucleus, chromosomes, cell wall, cell membrane, protoplasm, cytoplasm, ribosome, cell organelles

The outermost layer of plant cells is the ___(a)__ beneath which is the ___(b)__. The term ___(c)__ refers to the jelly-like substance containing all the ___(d)__. The ___(e)__ contains thread-like structures called ___(f)__.

Long Answer Questions

- 38. Cells consist of many organelles, yet we do not call any of these organelles as structural and functional unit of living organisms. Explain.
- 39. Why do plant cells have an additional layer surrounding the cell membrane? What is this layer known as?
- 40. The size of the cells of an organism has no relation with the size of its body. Do you agree? Give reason for your answer.