Class: IX Subject: Physics ASSIGNMENT 10 GRAVITATION

- 1. Define: gravitation, gravity and gravitational force.
- 2. State the universal law of gravitation and its mathematical form.
- 3. In what source is 'G' universal?
- 4. What happens to the force of attraction between two objects when
 - (i) Their mass are halved?
 - (ii) Distance between them is increased to 4 times its previous value.
 - (iii) Distance between them as well as each of the mass is increase to 4 times.
- 5. If the distance between two bodies is increased 4 times by what factor should the mass of the bodies be altered so that the gravitational force between them remains the same?
- 6. What is the force between two spheres weighing 20 kg each and placed 50 cm apart?
- 7. A sphere of mass 40 kg is attracted by another sphere of mass 15 kg when their centres are 0.2m apart with force of 9.8×10^{-7} N. Calculate value of 'G'.
- 8. Find the distance between two stones each of mass 2 kg so that the gravitational force between them is 1N.
- 9. Gravitational force between two objects on earth is 2N. What will be the gravitational force between these two objects on the surface of the earth?
- 10. Why don't we see objects in the universe colliding or moving towards each other due to gravitational force?
- 11. Why do all objects fall towards the earth?
- 12. Give a few examples / applications of the universal law of gravitation.
- 13. On what factor [s] does the gravity of a planet depend?
- 14. Define 'G' and give its value.
- 15. Differentiate between 'g' and 'G'.
- 16. Define 'g' and give its value on the surface of the earth.
- 17. Name the factors on which 'g' depends.
- 18. Calculate the gravitational force between a body of mass 100 kg and the earth. Also calculate the acceleration produced in the body and that in earth.
- 19. A body weighs 1 kg on the surface of the moon. If mass of the moon is 7.4×1022 kg and radius of moon is 1740 km. Calculate:
 - a. The force acting between the body & the moon.
 - b. Acceleration produced in the body
 - c. Acceleration produced in moon.
- 20. A planet has mass and radius 1/3 of those of earth. Calculate the acceleration due to gravity of the planet and compare it with acceleration due to gravity on earth. If an object has 5 kg mass on earth. Calculate its weight on the planet.
- 21. Differentiate between mass & weight of a body.
- 22. A ball is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of 49 m/s. Calculate:
 - i. the max height to which it rises. (ii) total time it takes to return to surface of the earth.
- 23. A stone is released from the top of a tower of height 19.6 m. Calculate the final velocity of a body just before touching the ground.
- 24. A stone is thrown vertically upwards with an initial velocity of 40m/s. Find the max height reached by the stone. What is the net displacement and the total distance covered by the stone? $[g = 10\text{m/s}^2]$
- 25. The object dropped from a height (h) with initial velocity zero strikes the ground with a velocity of 30m/s. How long does it take to reach the ground. Also find h [g = 10m/s²]
- 26. The mass of a man is 75 kg. What will be his weight on surface of earth? What will be his weight on surface of moon?
- 27. A ball is projected vertically upwards with a certain velocity. What is its acceleration?