



Look at this block. We make three different rules to turn it clockwise and see the patterns.

Rule 1: Repeat it with a one-fourth turn.













Rule 2: Repeat it with a half turn.











Rule 3: Repeat it with a three-fourth turn.













Practice time

1) What should come next?





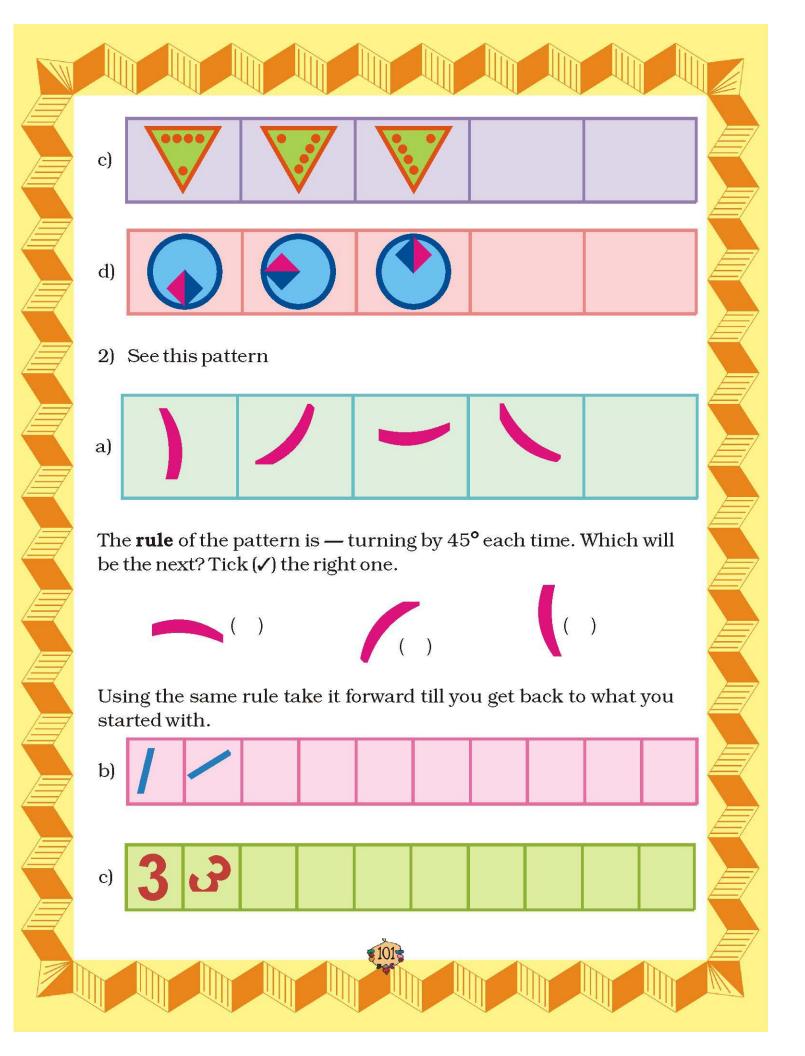


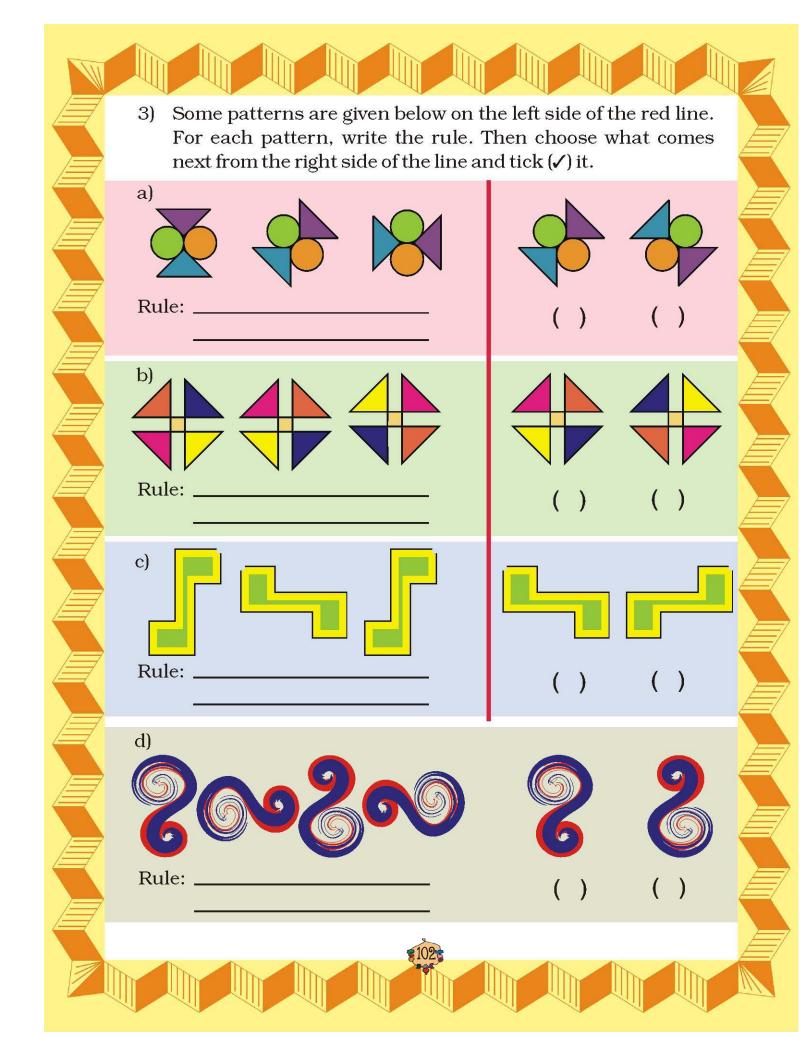






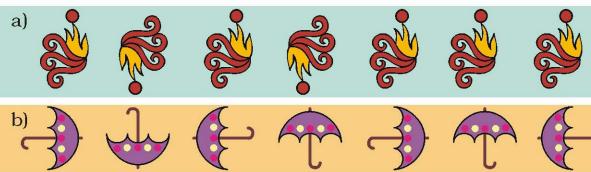
Encourage children to think of other alternatives. Answers obtained by anticlockwise turns should also be accepted and discussed.







Mark that picture which is breaking the rule. Also correct it.





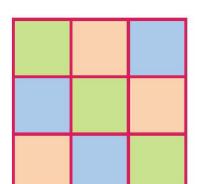


Magic Squares

Do you remember magic triangles? Come now, let's make some magic squares.

* Fill this square using all the numbers from 46 to 54.

Rule: The total of each line is 150.



★ Fill this square using all the numbers from 21 to 29.

46

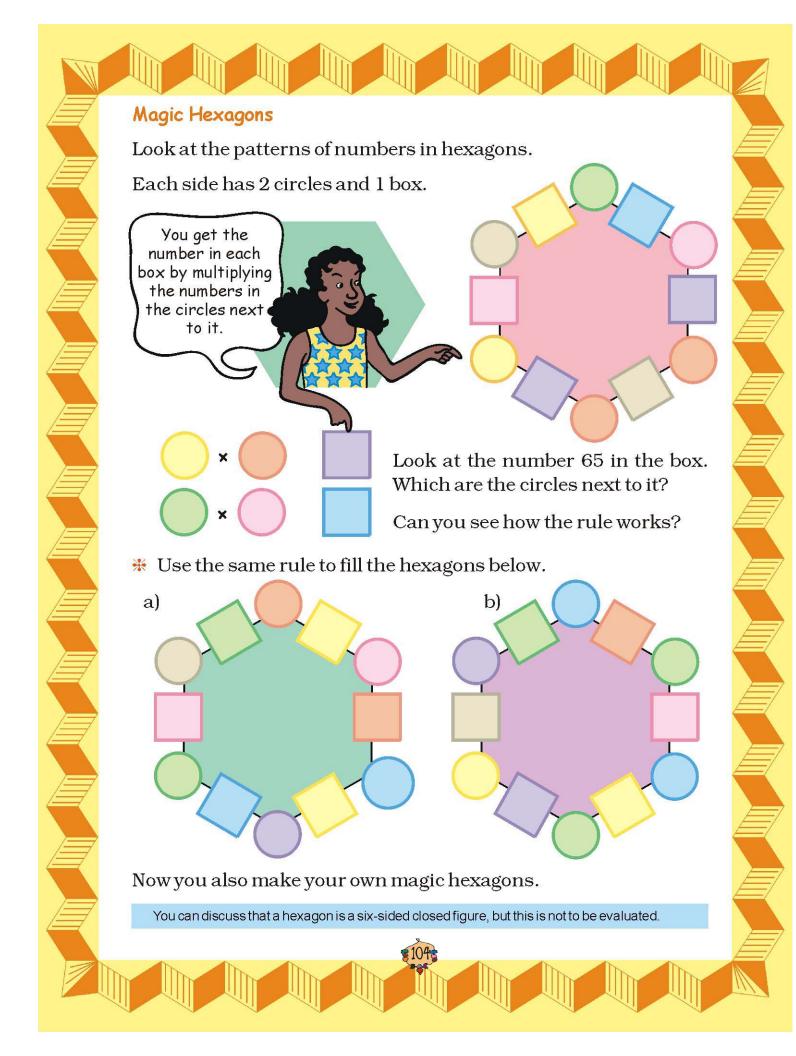
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49

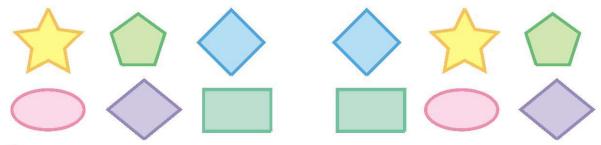
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Rule: The total of each side is 75.

You can see Math-Magic Class IV (page 11) for similar magic patterns.



Numbers and Numbers



- ★ Are they equal?
- * Fill in the blank spaces in the same way.

- d) + + + + +
- $\frac{13}{2}$ Now, look at this $\frac{13}{48}$ × $\frac{13}{48}$

Check if it is true or not.

Left Right — Same to Same



Discuss with students that changing the order of numbers does not make any difference to the sum.



Take a number, say 43

Now turn it back to front 34

Then add them together 77

77 is one such special number. There are many such numbers. You have reversed the number by writing it back to front.



Take another number	48
Now turn it back to front	84
Then add them together	132
Is this a special number? No!	Why not?
OK, carry on with the number	132
Again turn it back to front	231
Then add the two together	363

So we see that to get special numbers we sometimes need more steps.

Ah! 363 is a special number.

*Now you try and change these numbers into special numbers —

a) 28

b) 132

c) 273

Now let's use words in a special way.

NOLEMONS NOMELON
STEPNOTON PETS

Did you notice that it reads the same from both sides — right to left and left to right?

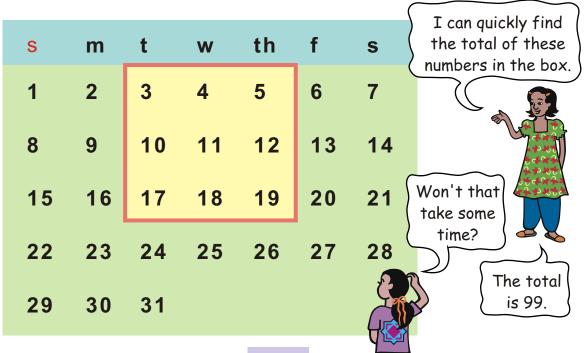
Now try and use words in a special way.

Special words/numbers which read the same both ways are called palindromes. Help children to read them from both the ends.



Look at the calendar below.

Let us mark a 3 × 3 box (9 dates) on the calendar and see some magic.



Take the smallest number 3

Add 8 to it +8

= 11

Multiply it by 9 ×9

Total 99

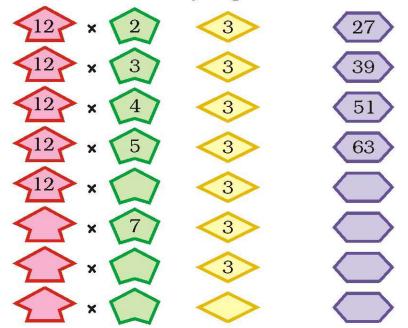


Hey! Just take the middle number and multiply it by 9. See you can get the answer even faster.

Now you choose any 3×3 box from a calendar and find the total in the same way. Play this game with your family.

You can see Math-Magic Class III (page 105-106) for other calendar tricks.

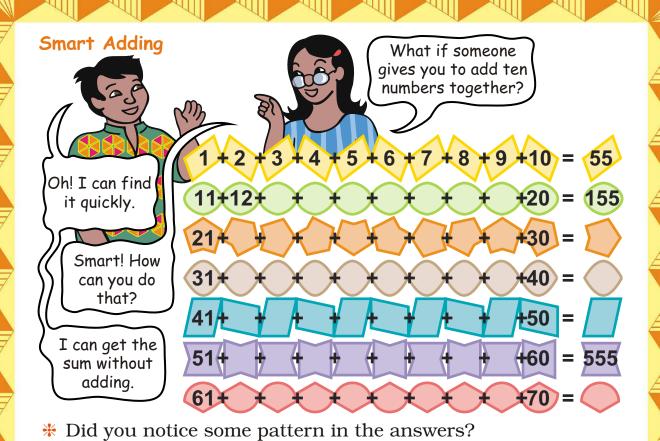
Some more Number Patterns



Now try doing it with some other number and also take a different number to add at each step.

** Look at the numbers below. Look for the pattern. Can you take it forward?

Encourage children to read aloud the numbers on the left hand side, even if they can not read them correctly. Some of the numbers are large. To help children read them, recall the concept of 1 lakh or 100 thousand.



Fun with Odd Numbers

Take the first two odd numbers. Now add them, see what you get. Now, at every step, add the next odd number.

How far can you go on?

When we add the first n odd numbers, we will get the sum as $n \times n$. Children should be left free to add the numbers.



Banno and Binod were playing a guessing game by writing clues about a secret number. Each tried to guess the other's secret number from the clues.

Jos

Can you guess their secret numbers?

- His larger than half of 100
- It is more than 6 tens and less than 7 tens
- The tens digit is one more than the ones digit
- Together the digits have a sum of 11

What is

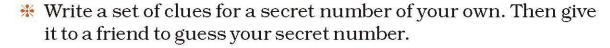
my secret number?





It is smaller than half of 100

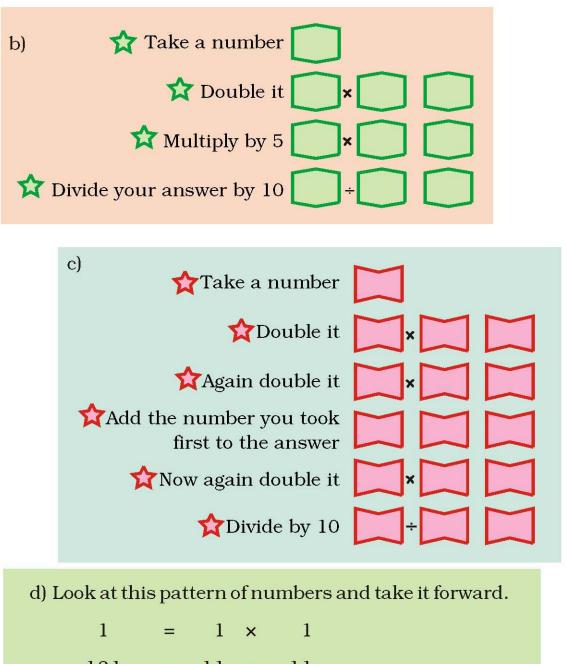
- It is more than 4 tens and less than 5 tens
- The tens digit is two more than the ones digit
 - Together the digits have a sum of 6



Number Surprises

a) Ask your friend — Write down your age. Add 5 to it. Multiply the sum by 2. Subtract 10 from it. Next divide it by 2. What do you get?

Is your friend surprised?



 $121 = 11 \times 11$

 $12321 = 111 \times 111$

1234321 = ?

* Now make your own number surprises.