

Nobody's Friend



Do you like making friends?

Do you like to share your things with others?

Do you think there is any child who has no friends?

Read on...

Read and Enjoy

She had some sweets that she wouldn't share,
She had a book that she wouldn't lend,
She wouldn't let anyone play with her doll,
She's nobody's friend!











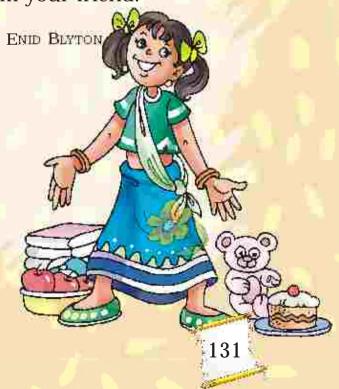


He had some toffee, and ate every bit, He had a tricycle he wouldn't lend, He never let anyone play with his train, He's nobody's friend!

But I'll share all of my sweets with you, My ball and my books and my games I will lend, Here's half my apple and half my cake

— I'm your friend!







Reading is Fun

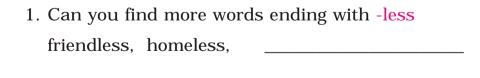
- 1. What are the things the girl does not want to share?
- 2. Did the boy share his toffee and tricycle with others?
- 3. Why are the two children nobody's friends?
- 4. What does the child in the last stanza want to share?

Let's Talk



- 1. Do you like to share your favourite food or toys with others? Why?
- 2. Who is your best friend? Can you describe him/her?
- 3. Suppose you and your friends were very thirsty and there was only one glass of water. What would you do?
- 4. If you had a bat, could you play cricket by yourself?









- (i) lend
- b _____ w
- (ii) nobody
- S _____ y

What are no Words

1. Several words mean no. The word never is one. It means at no time or not ever.

Here are some other no words read them

- nobody
- no

no where

- no one
- none
- nothing
- 2. Read the given sentences and underline the **no** word in each.
 - (i) Nobody is at home.
 - (ii) Ram has no book.
 - (iii) Can no one help him?
 - (iv) Was Gopal nowhere around?
 - (v) None of the two boys came.
 - (vi) There is nothing to do.
 - (vii) I have no coat.





(viii) Radha is never late.

nobody everybody somebody cycle bicycle tricycle share care stare

hair pair stair

Now write words that rhyme with

	train	 	
Let	's Write	 	

Here is a short story.

Once a lion lay fast asleep in the Ranathambore forest of Rajasthan. Some mice were playing hide and seek near him. One mouse got trapped under the lion's paw. The lion woke up, laughed loudly and let the mouse go!

After some days the mouse heard the lion's roar. He saw that the lion lay in great pain as he was tied with many ropes. The mouse used his sharp teeth and cut the rope.

From Aeson's Fables

"You are a true friend," said the lion.

A friend in need is a friend indeed.

What does this mean?

- (i) We must be there for friends in trou
- (ii) Only a good friend will be with us when we are in trouble.





The Little Bully

Do you know of any child who teases others or pushes them around? What would you call such a child? Read this story and see how Hari, a little boy troubles other children.

Once upon a time, not so very long ago, there was a small

boy called Hari. Although he

wasn't very big, he was strong, and he loved to tease all the boys and girls who went to school with him. What he loved to do most was to pinch. He could make a big bruise appear in half a second. Another trick he played was pricking people with a pin.

So you can guess how all the children hated him. They tried pinching him back, but that was no good because he could

always pinch harder. They didn't like telling their teacher, because that was telling tales.

It so happened that the class went for a picnic to the seaside for a whole day. All the children were most excited.



On that day, the sun shone bright, and all the children were wild with excitement. They crowded into the train and sat down — but nobody wanted to sit next to Hari because he always pinched.

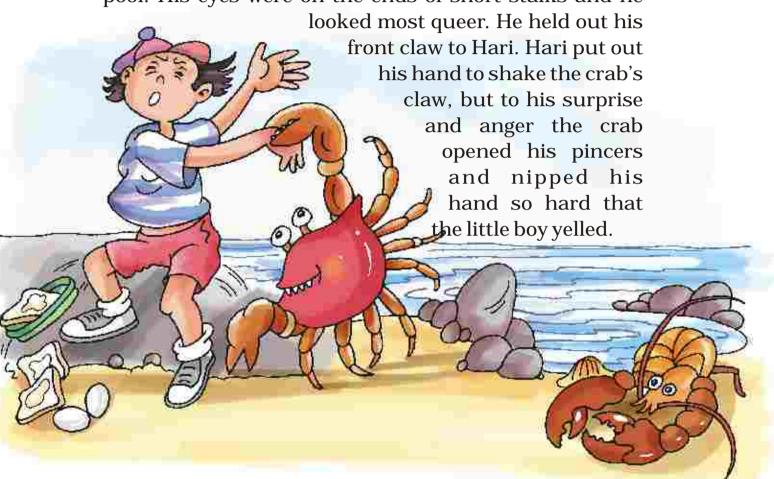


When they arrived at the seaside, out jumped all the children with a shout of joy. Down to the sands they raced, hand in hand — but nobody took Hari's hand. Nobody went near him.

Hari was angry. He went to a sandy corner near a rocky pool and sat down by himself. He took out his lunch and looked at it. It was a good lunch. There were two hard-boiled eggs, six jam sandwiches, three pieces of bread and butter, a ginger cake, and a bar of chocolate. He would eat it all by himself. He wouldn't offer anything to anyone!

Just as he was beginning on the eggs, he heard a hoarse voice near him. "Good morning! I am so pleased to meet a boy like you." Hari turned around and stared in fright. Whatever do you think he saw?

Hari saw a monster crab walking sideways out of the pool. His eyes were on the ends of short stalks and he



"Ah, here is my good cousin," said the crab pleasantly, and, to Hari's horror, he saw a large sandy lobster crawling heavily out of the pool. Before the little boy could stop him the lobster took his hand in his great pincer-like claws and pinched it so hard that Hari yelled



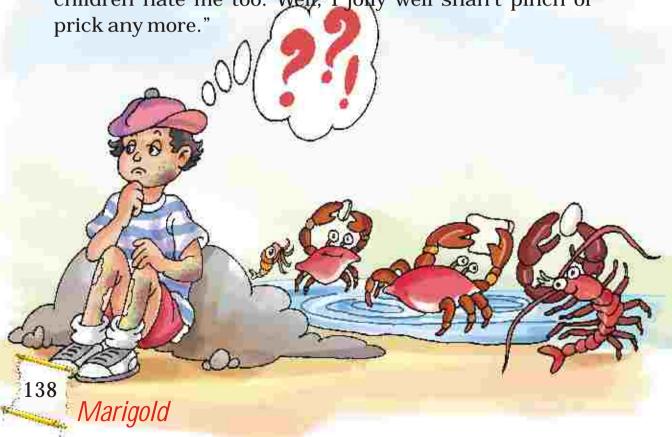
in pain.

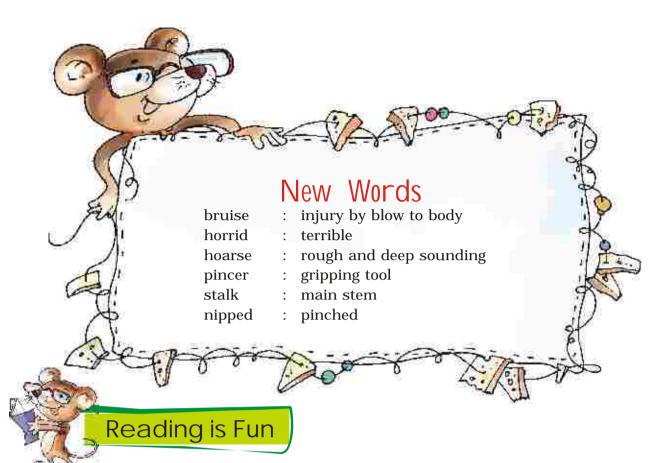
Then he stared at the pool in surprise, for, out came sandy-coloured shrimps and prawns, more crabs, and another large lobster and they pricked Hari till he was soon black and blue with their pinching.

"Don't you like it?" said all the creatures in surprise. "Why, we were told you would love to see us because you were a champion pincher and pricker yourself. Come, come join in the fun!"

Hari leapt to his feet, crying loudly. His lunch rolled into the pool, and when the crabs and lobsters saw it they ran to it and began to feast eagerly. Hari saw that they had forgotten him for a time, and he turned and ran for his life, tears streaming down his cheeks.

"They only did to me what I keep doing to the other children," he thought. "But how it hurt! And how I hated those crabs and lobsters! I suppose the other children hate me too. Well, I jolly well shan't pinch or





Now that you have read and understood the lesson, can you answer these questions? You can put a (*) on the right answer.

1. Why did all the children hate Hari?

- (i) Because he would not talk to anyone.
- (ii) Because he always pinched them.
- (iii) Because he loved stealing their food.

2. "Nobody took Hari's hand. Nobody went near him. Nobody played with him." This shows that Hari had

- (i) many friends.
- (ii) few friends.
- (iii) no friends.
- 3. Which of the following actions would make a friendly person? Write them down.
 - Respecting other people.
 - Eating a small child's tiffin.



- Calling people rude names.
- ▶ Pushing a smaller boy and making him cry.
- Being helpful to everyone.
- ▶ Helping your classmates in school.
- Mocking at friends and hurting their feelings.
- Protecting a weaker person.

Actions which would make a friendly person







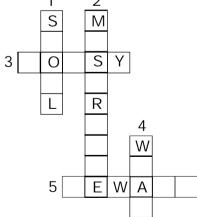
1. Find out words which are opposites or are closest to being the opposites of the words given below. Then write down the opposites in the grid.

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123
N- 11-10

Down Across

- 1. smile 3. quiet
- 2. happy 5. punish
- 4. strong





2.		i was pinche e'means	d till he	was black	and blue. '	Black aı	nd	
	(i)	Hari fell dow	n in pain	•				
	(ii)	there were b	ruises on	his body.				
	(iii)	Hari painted	l himself	in colours.				
	(iv)	Hari had a b	lack and	blue shirt.				
3.	'Ish	<mark>an't</mark> pinch ar	yone any	ymore'. Sha	n't means.			
	(i)	shall						
	(ii)	should						
	(iii)	shall not						
	(iv)	will not						
4.	Giv	e the full form	s of					
	V	won't			_			
	V	weren't			_			
	V	wouldn't _			_			
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5.	_	rl was sitting ng loudly.	quietly l	beside him.	Hari leapt	to his fe	et,	
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	1.	Let's prac	ctice with <mark>P</mark> ar	nd F .	
		pleased	pricked	pinched	punishe
		fat	fruit	fell	forgotte
		palm	pair	proud	parade
		farm	fare	frown	fish

2. Complete the blanks with rhyming words of the following

m_____ teachers

creatures

fe_____

pr_____

and practice aloud.

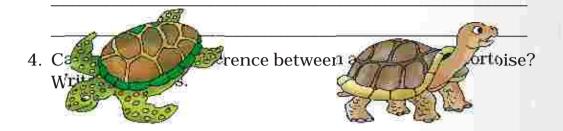
bruise

carriage



	pra	wn	d	<u>-</u>	vowed		c_			
1.	Hov	v did 1	the seas	side creat	ures, th	ne cra	ab,	the lob	ster e	etc.
	teach Hari a lesson? Write in a few lines.									
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			O	under the	e tree.					
	The	sun ri	ses in th	ne east.						
	or t	thing	whereas	oint out a s, the is or thing.	used w	hen	we	speak	of so	me
		nembe i,o,u.	er <mark>an</mark> is u	used befor	re words	s begi	inni	ing witl	h a vov	wel
	Nov	v fill in	the blar	nks with a	appropri	iate <mark>a</mark> i	rtic	les.		
	(i)	Hari v	was		_ unpop	oular	boy	7.		
	(ii)	The b	-	l girls we	nt to			se	aside	for
	(iii)	Hesa	.W		big crab	comi	ing	toward	s him.	
	(iv)	I fou	nd		_empty	bottl	e,	floating	g in t	the
								Mari	igold	143
									10	

	water.								
	(v)	(v)sea creatures ate his food.							
3.	A crab has a hard shell whereas a frog does not have one. There are many animals that protect themselves from their enemies with their outer cover/shells/quills.								
		given below are							
	nard cover.	e ones that can	protect them	<u>selves with</u>	rylear				
0	crocodile	snail	lizard	snake	133 A				
l	turtle	tortoise	g d	frog					
	hedgehog	porcupine			6				
	Now paste/olines about i	draw the picture t.	of any one a	nimal. Wri	te five				



swing sit climb lick slid kick

5. Describe what is happening in the picture. Use is/are and ____ing to make your sentences. Clues are given in the box.

For example Krishna is swinging.

- (i) Mary _____ up the slide.
- (ii) Hari _____ and boxing her.
- (iii) Little Bitoo _____ a lollipop.

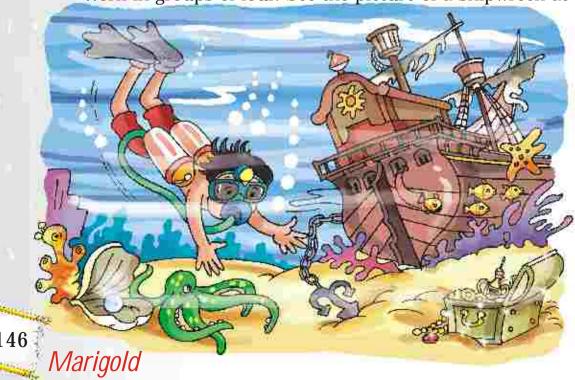
Play football jump race badminton run

et's be creative and Talk

(iv) Rita ______down the slide.

Imagine what the children will do in the playground tomorrow. You can take some hints from the words given in the box. e.g. John will play kabbadi tomorrow.

Work in groups of four. See the picture of a shipwreck at



Poem: Nobody's Friend Story: The Little Bully

THEMES

Problems of growing up The evils of bullying Friendship Familiarity with the animal world

READING TIME

Reading of other stories by children's writers like Enid Blyton should be encouraged. *Aesop's Fables* are also interesting for children, and should be suggested for their reading.

CONVERSATION TIME

Discuss with the children the importance of rules in social situations and why these should be made and followed. Make them also aware of their fundamental rights and how they are inseparable from their fundamental duties. Let them list some of the rules they don't like to follow and to reason out why they also are important.

WRITING TIME

A paragraph is a group of sentences developing one topic. Choose a topic, make a plan, gather material and then construct the paragraph. Skills of paragraph writing on a proverb and collecting and presenting information on animals can be stressed upon. These can be put up on the display board.

PROJECT WORK

Let the children discuss about people they know and the things they like to collect. They can then talk about their own collections, how they started and what they like or would like to collect.

They could find out from the Internet or an encyclopedia about some famous people who are well known for their personal collections. This information should also be displayed for everyone to see.

