12 Electricity and Circuits

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. Choose from the options a, b, c and d given in Fig. 12.1 the figure which shows the correct direction of current.

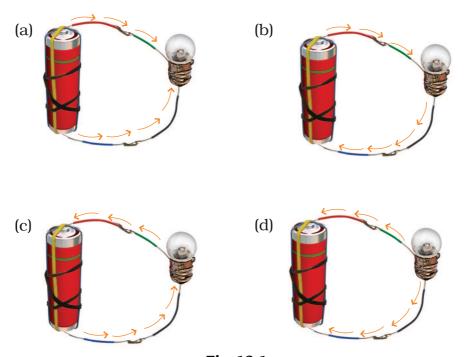


Fig. 12.1

- 2. Choose the incorrect statement.
 - (a) A switch is the source of electric current in a circuit.
 - (b) A switch help to complete or break the circuit.
 - (c) A switch helps us to use electricity as per our requirement.
 - (d) When the switch is open there is an air gap between its terminals.

- 3. In an electric bulb, light is produced due to the glowing of
 - (a) the glass case of the bulb.
 - (b) the thin filament.
 - (c) the thick wires supporting the filament.
 - (d) gases inside glass case of the bulb.
- 4. In the following arrangement shown in Fig. 12.2, the bulb will not glow if the ends A and B are connected with

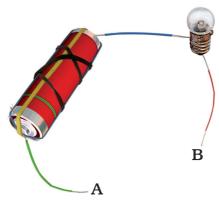


Fig. 12.2

- (a) A steel spoon
- (b) A metal clip
- (c) A plastic clip
- (d) A copper wire
- 5. In the circuit shown in Fig. 12.3, when the switch is moved to 'ON' position,

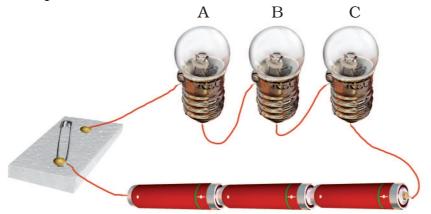


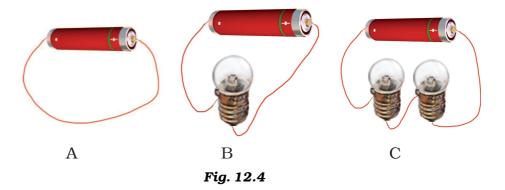
Fig. 12.3

74 EXEMPLAR PROBLEMS

- (a) the bulb A will glow first.
- (b) the bulb B will glow first.
- (c) the bulb C will glow first.
- (d) all bulbs will glow together.
- 6. Filament of a torch bulb is
 - (a) a metal case.
 - (b) metal tip at the centre of the base.
 - (c) two thick wires.
 - (d) a thin wire.
- 7. Paheli is running short of connecting wires. To complete an electric circuit, she may use a
 - (a) glass bangle.
 - (b) thick thread.
 - (c) rubber pipe.
 - (d) steel spoon.

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

8. In which of the following circuits A, B and C given in Fig. 12.4, the cell will be used up very rapidly?



9. Fig. 12.5 shows a bulb with its different parts marked as 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Which of them label the terminals of the bulb?



Fig. 12.5

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

- 10. You are provided with a bulb, a cell, a switch and some connecting wires. Draw a diagram to show the connections between them to make the bulb glow.
- 11. Will the bulb glow in the circuit shown in Fig. 12.6? Explain.



Fig. 12.6

12. An electric bulb is connected to a cell through a switch as shown in Fig. 12.7. When the switch is brought in 'ON' position, the bulb does not glow. What could be the possible reason/s for it? Mention any two of them.

76 Exemplar Problems



Fig. 12.7

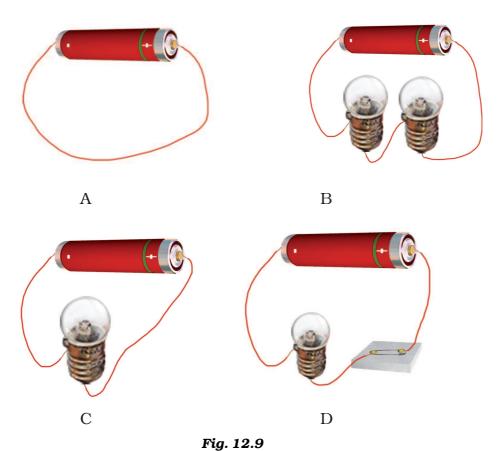
- 13. A torch requires 3 cells. Show the arrangement of the cells, with a diagram, inside the torch so that the bulb glows.
- 14. When the chemicals in the electric cell are used up, the electric cell stops producing electricity. The electric cell is then replaced with a new one. In case of rechargeable batteries (such as the type used in mobile phones, camera and inverters), they are used again and again. How?
- 15. Paheli connected two bulbs to a cell as shown in Fig. 12.8.



Fig. 12.8

She found that filament of bulb B is broken. Will the bulb A glow in this circuit? Give reason.

- 16. Why do bulbs have two terminals?
- 17. Which of the following arrangement A, B, C and D given in Fig. 12.9 should not be set up? Explain, why.



A fused bulb does not glow. Why?

18.

19. Paheli wanted to glow a torch bulb using a cell. She could not get connecting wires, instead, she got two strips of aluminium foil. Will she succeed? Explain, how?

Long Answer Questions

- 20. Boojho has a cell and a single piece of connecting wire. Without cutting the wire in two, will he be able to make the bulb glow? Explain with the help of a circuit diagram.
- 21. Fig. 12.10 A and B, show a bulb connected to a cell in two different ways.

78 Exemplar Problems

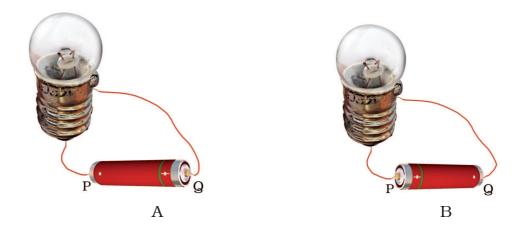


Fig. 12.10

- (i) What will be the direction of the current through the bulb in both the cases. (Q to P or P to Q)
- (ii) Will the bulb glow in both the cases?
- (iii) Does the brightness of the glowing bulb depend on the direction of current through it?
- 22. Think of six activities which use electric current. Also name the devices used to perform the activity.

	Activity you perform	Device
Example:	Get light	Torch

23. A torch is not functioning, though contact points in the torch are in working condition. What can be the possible reasons for this? Mention any three.