

## Chapter - 9

### Some Applications of Trigonometry

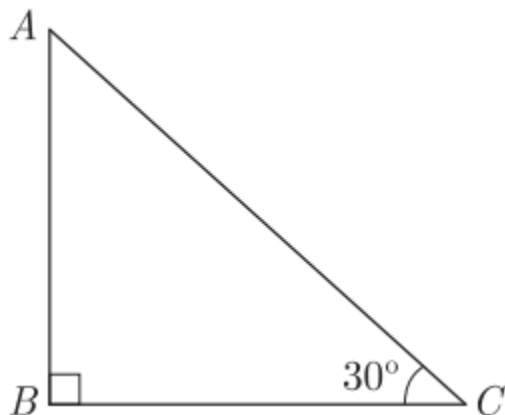
#### ( Assertion and Reasoning Questions )

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In the following questions, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R). Mark the correct choice as:

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

**Q.1. Assertion (A) :** In the figure, if  $BC = 20$  m, then height  $AB$  is 11.56 m.



**Reason :**  $\tan \theta = \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{\text{perpendicular}}{\text{base}}$  where  $\theta$  is the angle  $\angle ACB$ .

**Q.2. Assertion (A) :** If the length of shadow of a vertical pole is equal to its height, then the angle of elevation of the sun is  $45^\circ$

**Reason (R)** : According to pythagoras theorem,  $h^2 = l^2 + b^2$ , where h = hypotenuse, l = length and b = base.

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### **ANSWER KEY**

**Q.1** : (a)

Both the assertion and reason are correct, reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{AB}{20}$$

$$AB = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times 20 = \frac{20}{1.73} = 11.56 \text{ m}$$

**Q.2** : (b)

Both Assertion and Reason are correct, but Reason is not the correct explanation of the Assertion.