

Congruence of Triangles

Question 1.

An angle is of 50° then its congruent angle is of:

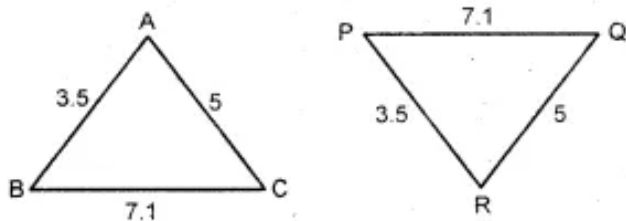
- (a) 40°
- (b) 60°
- (c) 50°
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c) 50°

Two congruent angles are same in measurement.

Question 2.

Given two triangles are congruent then we can write :



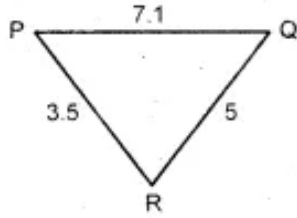
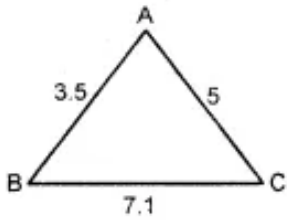
- (a) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle PQR$
- (b) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle RPQ$
- (c) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle QRP$
- (d) none of these

Answer: (b) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle RPQ$

These figures show that the three sides of one triangle are equal to the three sides of the other triangle. So by SSS congruency rule, the two triangles are congruent. It can easily be seen that $A \leftrightarrow R$, $B \leftrightarrow P$ and $C \leftrightarrow Q$.

Question 3.

In the given figure, lengths of the sides of the triangles are given. Which pair of triangles are congruent ?

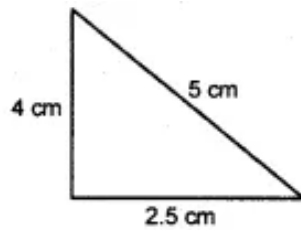
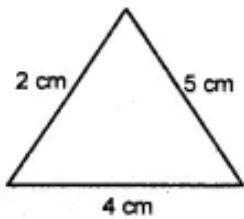


- (a) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle PQR$
- (b) $\triangle BCA \equiv \triangle PQR$
- (c) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle QRP$
- (d) none of these

Answer: (a) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle PQR$
By SSS congruency rule

Question 4.

Are the following triangles congruent ?

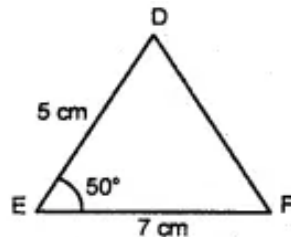
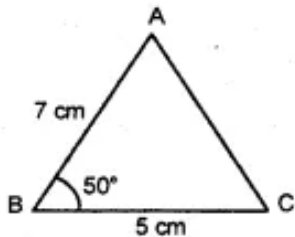


- (a) yes
- (b) no
- (c) none of these

Answer: (b) no
By SSS congruency two triangles are not congruent.

Question 5.

Are the following triangles congruent ?

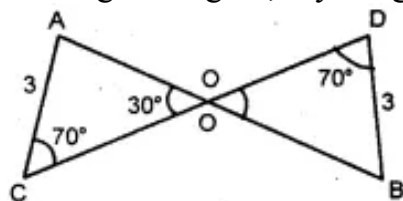


- (a) yes
- (b) no
- (c) none of these

Answer: (b) no
By SAS congruency two triangles are congruent.

Question 6.

In the given figure, say congruency of two triangles.



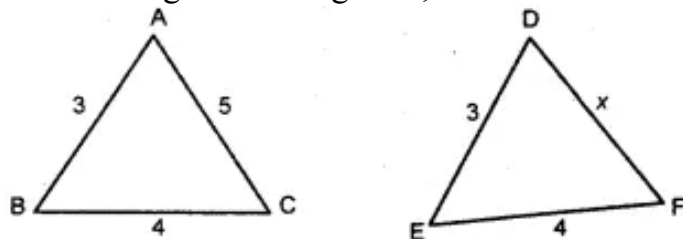
- (a) $\triangle AOC \cup \triangle BOD$
- (b) $\triangle AOC \neq \triangle BOD$
- (c) $\triangle AOC \cup \triangle OBD$
- (d) none of these

Answer: (a) $\triangle AOC \cup \triangle BOD$

$\angle AOC = \angle BOD = 30^\circ$. Vertically opposite angles. $\therefore$ according to ASA congruency two triangles are congruent.

Question 7.

Given triangles are congruent, then what is the measurement of x ?



- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) none of these

Answer: (c) 5

By SSS congruency all the three sides of a triangle are equal.

Question 8.

Given below are measurements of some parts of two triangles. Write the result in symbolic form.

In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle B = 90^\circ$, $AC = 8$ cm $AB = 3$ cm and

$\triangle PQR$, $\angle P = 90^\circ$, $PR = 3$ cm $QR = 8$ cm

- (a) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle RPQ$
- (b) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle PQR$
- (c) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle RPQ$
- (d) none of these

Answer: (a) $\triangle ABC \equiv \triangle RPQ$

By RHS congruency two triangles are congruent and according to their corresponding parts.

Question 9.

Given below are measurements of some parts of two triangles. Write the result in symbolic form if they are congruent.

In $\triangle ABC$,

$\angle A = 90^\circ$, $AC = 5$ cm, $BC = 9$ cm

In $\triangle PQR$,

$\angle P = 90^\circ$, $PR = 3$ cm $QR = 8$ cm

- (a) are congruent
- (b) are not congruent

Answer: (b) are not congruent

Are not congruent as hypotenuses are not equal.

Question 10.

$\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ are congruent under the correspondence: $ABC \leftrightarrow RPQ$, then the part of $\triangle ABC$ that correspond to PQ is

- (a) AC
- (b) AB
- (c) BC
- (d) None of These

Answer: (c) BC

Question 11.

$\triangle ABC$ is right triangle in which $\angle A = 90^\circ$ and $AB = AC$. The values of $\angle B$ and $\angle C$ will be

- (a) $\angle B = \angle C = 30^\circ$
- (b) $\angle B = \angle C = 50^\circ$
- (c) $\angle B = \angle C = 45^\circ$
- (d) $\angle B = \angle C = 60^\circ$

Answer: (c) $\angle B = \angle C = 45^\circ$

Question 12.

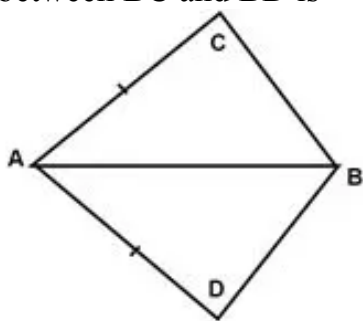
Two students drew a line segment each. What is the condition for them to be congruent?

- (a) They should be drawn with a scale.
- (b) They should be drawn on the same sheet of paper.
- (c) They should have different lengths.
- (d) They should have the same length.

Answer: (d) They should have the same length.

Question 13.

In the quadrilateral ABCD, $AC = AD$ and AB bisect $\angle A$ and $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ABD$. The relation between BC and BD is



- (a) $BC < BD$
- (b) $BC > BD$
- (c) $BC = BD$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c) $BC = BD$

Question 14.

A triangle in which all three sides are of equal lengths is called _____.

- (a) Isosceles
- (b) Equilateral
- (c) Scalene
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b) Equilateral

Question 15.

In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$, $AB = 4$ cm, $BC = 5$ cm, $AC = 6$ cm and $PQ = 4$ cm, $QR = 5$ cm, $PR = 6$ cm. then which of the following is true?

- (a) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle QRP$

- (b) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$
- (c) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle RQP$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$

Question 16.

If the vertical angle of an isosceles triangle is 40° , then measure of other two angles will be

- (a) $60^\circ, 60^\circ$
- (b) $80^\circ, 80^\circ$
- (c) $70^\circ, 70^\circ$
- (d) $45^\circ, 45^\circ$

Answer: (c) $70^\circ, 70^\circ$

Question 17.

What is the side included between the angles A and B in $\triangle ABC$?

- (a) AC
- (b) BC
- (c) AB
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c) AB

Question 18.

What comes next in the sequence: 2, 4, 10, 28, ____ ?

- (a) 64
- (b) 70
- (c) 76
- (d) 82

Answer: (d) 82

Question 19.

What is the angle included between the sides PN and PM of $\triangle MNP$?

- (a) $\angle M$
- (b) $\angle N$
- (c) $\angle P$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c) $\angle P$

Question 20.

Which of the following examines the congruence of plane figures?

- (a) Trial and error method
- (b) Superposition method
- (c) Substitution method
- (d) Transposition method

Answer: (b) Superposition method

Question 21.

The measure of each angle of an equilateral triangle is:

- (a) 50°
- (b) 70°
- (c) 60°
- (d) 100°

Answer: (c) 60°

Question 22.

If $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle BCA$, then the part of $\triangle BCA$ that correspond to $\angle E$ is

- (a) $\angle B$
- (b) $\angle C$
- (c) $\angle A$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b) $\angle C$

Question 23.

Which angle is included between the sides DE and EF of $\triangle DEF$?

- (a) $\angle F$
- (b) $\angle D$
- (c) $\angle E$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (c) $\angle E$

Question 24.

In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $AC = DF$, $AB = DE$ and $BC = EF$. By which property are $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$ congruent?

- (a) R.H.S. property
- (b) S.S.S. property
- (c) S.A.S. property
- (d) A.S.A. property

Answer: (b) S.S.S. property

Question 25.

Two triangles, $\triangle PQR$ and $\triangle DEF$ are of the same size and shape. What can we conclude about them?

- (a) $\triangle PQR$ is smaller than $\triangle DEF$.
- (b) $\triangle PQR$ is larger than $\triangle DEF$.
- (c) $\triangle PQR$ is congruent to $\triangle DEF$.
- (d) $\triangle PQR$ is not congruent to $\triangle DEF$.

Answer: (c) $\triangle PQR$ is congruent to $\triangle DEF$.

Question 26.

$\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ are congruent under the correspondence: $ABC \leftrightarrow RQP$, then the part of $\triangle ABC$ that correspond to $\angle P$ is

- (a) $\angle A$
- (b) $\angle C$
- (c) $\angle B$
- (d) None of these

Answer: (b) $\angle C$

Question 27.

Two angles are congruent if they have

- (a) Same name
- (b) unequal measures
- (c) equal measures
- (d) none of these

Answer: (c) equal measures

Match the following:

Question 1.

1. Shaving blades of the same company	a. Not congruent
2. Sheets of different letter pad	b. Congruent
3. Toys made of the same mould	c. Not congruent
4. Biscuits in the different packets	d. Congruent

Answer:

1. Shaving blades of the same company	d. Congruent
2. Sheets of different letter pad	a. Not congruent
3. Toys made of the same mould	b. Congruent
4. Biscuits in the different packets	c. Not congruent

Question 2.

1. Two angles are congruent	a. Having same length
2. Two lengths are congruent	b. Having same measurement
3. Two triangles are congruent	c. Triangles are not congruent
4. All angles are equals	d. Have all sides equal

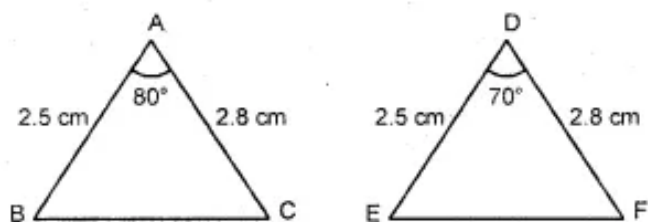
Answer:

1. Two angles are congruent	b. Having same measurement
2. Two lengths are congruent	a. Having same length
3. Two triangles are congruent	d. Have all sides equal
4. All angles are equals	c. Triangles are not congruent

State true or false:

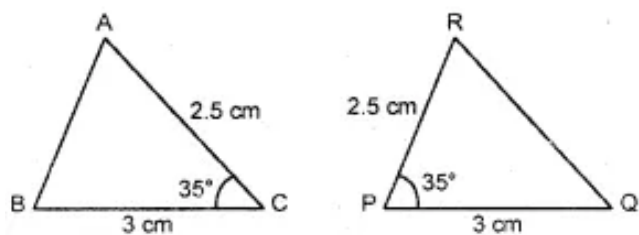
Given triangles are congruent:

Question 1.



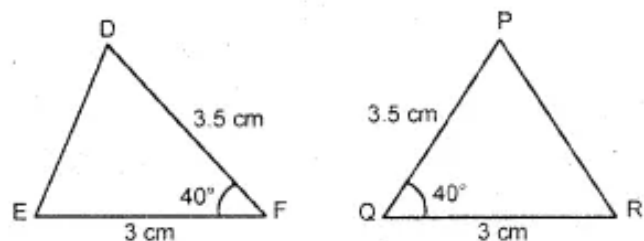
Answer: false

Question 2.



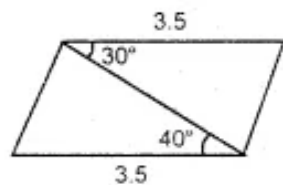
Answer: true

Question 3.



Answer: true

Question 4.



Answer: false

Fill in the blanks:

1. If two line segments have the same they are congruent.

Answer: length

2. If two angles have the same they are congruent.

Answer: measure

3. Among two congruent angles, one has a measure of 70° ; the measures of the other angle is

Answer: 70°

4. When we write $\angle A = \angle B$, we actually mean

Answer: $m\angle A = m\angle B$

5. Two triangles are congruent if they are of each other and when
(copies, superposed)

Answer: copies, superposed

6. If under a given correspondence, the three sides of one triangle are equal to the three corresponding sides of another triangle, then the triangles are.....

Answer: congruent

7. If under a correspondence two sides and the angle included between them of a triangle are equal to two corresponding sides and the angle included between them of another triangle, the triangles are

Answer: congruent

8. If under a correspondence two angles and the included side of a triangle are equal to two corresponding angles and the included side of another triangle, then the triangles are

Answer: congruent

9. If under a correspondence the hypotenuse and one side of a right-angled triangle are respectively equal to the hypotenuse and one-side of another right angled triangle, then the triangles are

Answer: congruent

10. There is no such thing as AAA of two triangles.

Answer: congruence
