ICSE CLASS 8 CHEMISTRY

METALS AND NON-METALS

Minerals and ores

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•	Naturally occurring substances of metals present in the earth's crust are called minerals .	 Minerals are non-renewable resources and it 	is important to conserve them
•	The methods used in the extraction of minerals from their ores profitably is called metallurgy	Recycling	saves energy; since mining and extraction requires huge amounts of energy causes less pollution because less fossil
•	Minerals which can be used to obtain the metal	nooyonng	fuels are burnt to provide energy for mining
	profitably are called ores.		ideal way to conserve non-renewable metal resources

Physical properties of metals and non-metals

Property	Metals	Non-metals
State of matter	Crystalline solids	Either gases or solids except Bromine (liquid)
Metallic lustre	Shining, can be polished	Non-lustrous (except iodine), cannot be polished
Hardness	Hard solids (except sodium and potassium)	Soft and brittle (except diamond)
Malleability	Malleable- can be hammered into sheets	Non-malleable

Ductility	Ductile- can be drawn into wires	Non-ductile
Thermal and electrical conductivity	Good conductors of heat and electricity (except lead which does not conduct heat)	Bad conductors (except graphite)
non-metal		
Sonority	Make ringing sound (sonorous)	Non- sonorous

	Non-metals
Potassium Sodium Lithium Calcium	Non-metals do not react with water
n React with acids	React with concentrated acids
Magnesium Aluminium Zinc Iron Tin Lead	C + H ₂ SO ₄ → CO ₂ + 2SO ₂ + 2H ₂ O S +2H ₂ SO ₄ → 3SO ₂ + 2H ₂ O P + 5HNO ₃ → H ₃ PO ₄ + 5NO ₂ + H ₂ O S + 6HNO ₃ → H ₂ SO ₄ + 6NO ₂ + 2H ₂ O React with oxygen to form acidic oxides
Copper Mercury Silver	which dissolve in water to form acids $C+O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$ $S+O_2 \rightarrow SO_2$; $SO_2 + H_2O \rightarrow H_2SO_3$
Gold Very unreactive	
	Sodium React with water Very reactive difficult to extract Lithium Calcium React with acids electrolysis Magnesium Aluminium less reactive metals, easier to extract Zinc Iron Extracted by reduction Tin Lead with coke or Copper Jow reactive metals Nercury Silver Jow reactive metals Very unreactive Least reactive

Alloys and their uses			
Mercury	Amalgam (Hg	Filling for	
	+ metal)	tooth	
Iron	Steel	Cutlery,	
	73%Fe,18%Cr,	utensils,	
	8%Ni, 1% C	instruments	
Zinc/Copper	Brass	Statues,	
	60-70%Cu,	vessels,	
	40-30%Zn	handles,	
		screws	
	Bronze (Cu	Medals,	
	and Sn)	statues,	
		utensils	
Lead	Solder (lead	Welding,	
	and tin)	fuse	

Displacement reaction:

- DISPLACEMENT REACTIONS $A + BC \rightarrow AC + B$
- Depends on Activity series. Higher up metal displaces lower metal

Uses of some metals and non-metals

METALS	NON-METALS	
Cu, Al used to make wires	Hydrogen used to make ghee and dalda from oils Hydrogen used as rocket fuel	
Iron, copper Al used to make household utensils	Carbon used as electrodes	
Silver, gold copper used in jewellery	Nitrogen used for food preservation	
Zinc used for galvanization	Sulphur used for hardening of rubber	
Aluminium foil used to pack food	Sulphur used in matchsticks and gun powder	