

Hyperbola

Q.1. Find the equation of tangents to the hyperbola $3x^2 - y^2 = 3$ which are perpendicular to the line $x + 3y = 2$.

Solution : 1

The given equation of hyperbola can be written as $x^2 - y^2/3 = 1$ and line is $x + 3y = 5$.

Slope of given line is $-1/3$ and slope of required line is 3.

Equation of tangents are : $y = 3x \pm \sqrt{1 \cdot (3)^2 - 3}$

Or, $y = 3x \pm \sqrt{6}$.

Q.2. Find the foci and latus rectum for the hyperbola $x^2/4 - y^2/5 = 1/2$.

Solution : 2

We have equation of hyperbola as

$$x^2/4 - y^2/5 = 1/2.$$

$$\text{Or, } x^2/2 - y^2/(5/2) = 1.$$

$$\text{Thus, } a^2 = 2 \text{ and } b^2 = 5/2 \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{2} \text{ and } b = (5\sqrt{2})/2 \Rightarrow 2a = 2\sqrt{2}, 2b = 5\sqrt{2}.$$

$$\text{Now, } b^2 = a^2 (e^2 - 1)$$

$$\text{Or, } 5/2 = 2(e^2 - 1)$$

$$\text{Or, } 5/4 = e^2 - 1$$

$$\text{Or, } 5/4 + 1 = e^2$$

$$\text{Or, } e = \pm 3/2.$$

$$\text{Foci are } (\pm a e, 0) \text{ or, } [\pm(3\sqrt{2})/2, 0]$$

$$\text{Length of latus rectum} = (2b^2)/a = \{2 \cdot (5/2)\}/\sqrt{2} = 5/\sqrt{2} = (5\sqrt{2})/2.$$

Q.3. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose eccentricity is $\sqrt{5}$ and the sum of whose semi-axes is 9.

Solution : 3

We have, $e = \sqrt{5}$ and $a + b = 9 \Rightarrow b = 9 - a$.

$$\text{As, } b^2 = a^2 (e^2 - 1)$$

$$\text{Or, } (9 - a)^2 = a^2 \{(\sqrt{5})^2 - 1\}$$

$$\text{Or, } 81 - 18a + a^2 = 4a^2$$

$$\text{Or, } 3a^2 + 18a - 81 = 0$$

$$\text{Or, } a^2 + 6a - 27 = 0$$

$$\text{Or, } (a - 3)(a + 9) = 0$$

$$\text{Or, } a = 3, -9 \text{ but } a > 0$$

Therefore, $a = 3$ and hence $b = 9 - 3 = 6$.

The equation of the hyperbola is thus $x^2/3^2 - y^2/6^2 = 1$

$$\text{Or, } x^2/9 - y^2/36 = 1.$$

Q.4. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose directrix is $2x + y = 1$, focus is $(1, 1)$ and eccentricity is $\sqrt{3}$.

Solution : 4

We have, focus of the hyperbola at $F(1, 1)$, $e = \sqrt{3}$, directrix is $2x + y = 1$.

Let $P(x, y)$ be any point on the hyperbola and MP be the perpendicular distance from P to the directrix, then by definition of hyperbola

$$|FP| = e |MP|$$

$$\text{Or, } \sqrt{[(x - 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2]} = \sqrt{3} \cdot |2x + y - 1|/\sqrt{(2^2 + 1^2)}$$

$$\text{Or, } x^2 - 2x + 1 + y^2 - 2y + 1 = \frac{3}{5} \cdot (4x^2 + y^2 + 1 + 4xy - 4x - 2y)$$

$$\text{Or, } 5x^2 - 10x + 5 + 5y^2 - 10y + 5 = 12x^2 + 3y^2 + 3 + 12xy - 12x - 6y$$

$$\text{Or, } 7x^2 + 12xy - 2y^2 - 2x + 4y - 7 = 0.$$

This is the equation of the hyperbola.